## Implementing the Next Accreditation System for Orthopaedic Surgery Programs

J. Lawrence Marsh, MD, RRC Chair Pamela Derstine, PhD, MHPE, RRC Executive Director

ACGME Webinar May 23, 2013



## **Topics**

- RRC Update (Marsh)
- Orthopaedic Surgery Milestones (Marsh)
- Next Accreditation System Basics (Derstine)



# RRC Update



## Membership of the RRC

(as of July 1, 2012)

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AMA
  R. Dale Blaiser – Little Rock, AR
  Craig S. Roberts – Louisville, KY
  Lisa Taitsman – Seattle, WA*
AAOS
  Lynn A. Crosby – Augusta, GA
  Terry R. Light – Maywood, IL
   Vincent D. Pellegrini, Jr. – Baltimore, MD
ABOS
  J. Lawrence Marsh – Iowa City, IA (Chair)
  Terry L. Thompson – Washington, DC
  Michelle A. James – Sacramento, CA (Vice-Chair)
   (Shephard R. Hurwitz – Ex-officio)
Resident
   Christopher J. Dy – New York, NY*
Executive Director
  Pamela L. Derstine, PhD, MHPE
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   (Shephard R. Hurwitz – Ex-officio)
Resident
   Jeanne M. Franzone – New York, NY
Executive Director
  Pamela L. Derstine, PhD, MHPE
```

## Accreditation Statistics AY 11/12

Total # Accredited Programs				
# Core	154			
# Sub	248			
Total # Residents/Fellows				
Male/Female	3254/506			
Total # Programs Reviewed				
# Core	41			
# Sub	73			
Total # New Programs Accredited				
# Core	1			
# Sub	6			

### Accreditation Statistics AY 11/12

<b>Other RRC</b>	Meeting	<b>Decisions</b> (	(Core and	l Subs)

Complement increases

# Requested/#Approved 20/7

Progress/Reports

# Requested/#Reviewed 12/12

**Duty Hour Reports** 

# Requested/#Reviewed 0/4

# Traditional Program Review

- Program review scheduled
- PIF prepared and sent to ACGME and SV
- $\triangleright$  SV 1-2 days
- RRC review
  - PIF and SVR
  - Board pass rates, Resident Survey, Case log data
- > RRC actions
  - **▶** Initial or continued accreditation with citations
  - ► 1-5 year cycle
  - Progress report
  - **Propose probation**

SV and PIF are key portions of program review

# Program outline

- New PGY 1 program requirements
- Surgical skills training through simulation
- New requirements for case log reporting
- **■** Milestones development and implementation

- Milestones integration into NAS
- NAS other data elements
- NAS Program review and accreditation decisions

Larry Marsh - Chair RRC

Pam Derstine - Executive Director RRC

# New PGY1 program requirements

## PG-1 Year Changes 2013-2014

- In 2011/2012 based on a AAOS sponsored simulation summit and a CORD survey, <u>new ABOS</u> certification rules for PGY 1 were developed
- ACGME/RRC accreditation rules followed from ABOS
- 6 months of orthopaedic surgery
- ☐ Basic surgical skills training through simulation

Good news

- they are
the same!

## PGY 1 year changes (core)

The program director must be responsible for the design, implementation, and oversight of the PG-1 year. The PG-1 year must include:

IV.A.6.a).(1) a minimum of **six months of structured education on non-orthopaedic surgery** rotations designed to foster proficiency in basic surgical skills, the peri-operative care of surgical patients, musculoskeletal image interpretation, medical management of patients, and airway management skills;

IV.A.6.a).(1).(a) At least **three months must be on surgical rotations** chosen from the following: general surgery, general surgery trauma, plastic/burn surgery, surgical or medical intensive care, and vascular surgery;.

IV.A.6.a).(1).(b) The **additional three months must be on rotations chosen from** the following: anesthesiology, basic surgical skills, emergency medicine, general surgery, general surgery trauma, internal medicine, medical or surgical intensive care, musculoskeletal radiology, neurological surgery, pediatric surgery, physical medicine and rehabilitation, plastic/burn surgery, rheumatology, and vascular surgery

## PGY 1 year changes (core) - continued

IV.A.6.a.)(1).(c). The total time a resident is assigned to any one non-orthopaedic service must not exceed two months.

IV.A.6.a).(3) six months of orthopaedic surgery rotations designed to foster proficiency in basic surgical skills, the general care of orthopaedic patients both as inpatients and in the outpatient clinics, the management of orthopaedic patients in the emergency department, and the cultivation of an orthopaedic knowledge base.

IV.A.6.b) The PG-1 year must include residents' participation in activities that will give them the opportunity to:

IV.A.6.b).(1) formulate principles and assess, plan, and initiate treatment of adult and pediatric patients with surgical and/or medical problems;

IV.A.6.b).(2) care for patients with **surgical and medical emergencies**, multiple organ system trauma, soft tissue wounds;

IV.A.6.b).(3) care for critically-ill patients; and,

IV.A.6.b).(4) develop an **understanding of surgical anesthesia**, including anesthetic risks and complications.

# Surgical skills training through simulation

## Background

□Orthopedic Surgery requires a high degree of technical skill

□Skills are acquired during residency and fellowship training through an apprenticeship model largely unchanged for over a century.





# Orthopaedic Surgery Simulation Summit - Nov 4<sup>th</sup> 2011



### Goals of the Summit

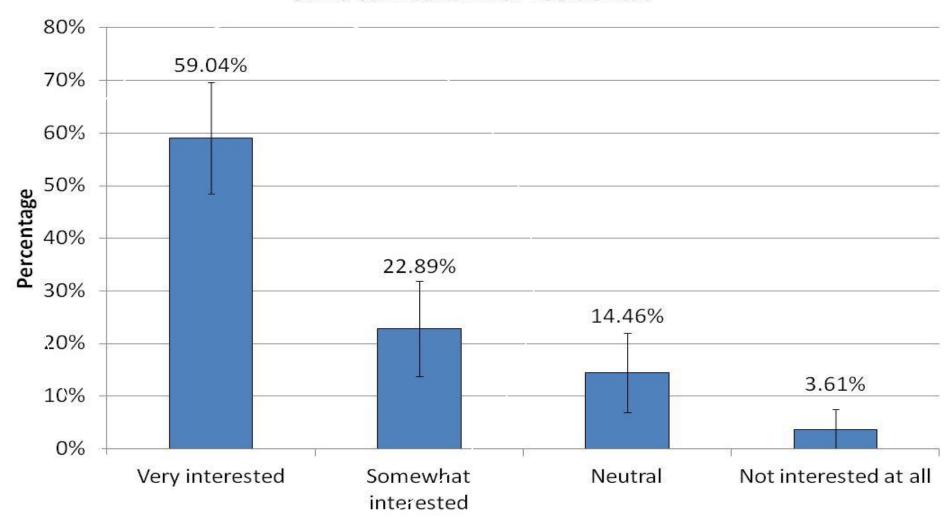
- <u>Simulation in other surgical GME</u>: Review curriculum/simulations in other disciplines to learn from these experiences.
- Current orthopedic surgical simulation
- <u>Curriculum development:</u> Discuss the steps to develop an orthopedic resident based skills curriculum. Consider the following:
  - Which PGY years should be targeted?
  - Which orthopedic groups will be involved?
  - How will they be charged and who will they report to?
  - What is a reasonable timeline?
  - What can be patterned after existing surgical curricula and what needs to be developed for orthopedics?
- <u>Simulation development for orthopedics</u>: Discuss cost-effective simulations to train basic orthopedic surgery skills, such as arthroscopy and fluoroscopically directed navigation for trauma.
- Validation
- Finances
- <u>Program requirements and certification:</u> Once a curriculum is developed consider how it could become an educational requirement by the orthopedic RRC and the ABOS and the future potential of skills simulation as a metric for ABOS certification and maintenance of certification.

# Results of a 2011 National Orthopaedic Program Director and Resident Survey – Karam and Marsh JBJS 2012

- Only 50% of residency programs have a skills lab and program.
- ☐ There is high interest among PD's in a skills curriculum.
- ☐ Most PD's have little knowledge of the budget for skills training or the cost of a skills lab
- Cost is a challenge to expansion of skills programs

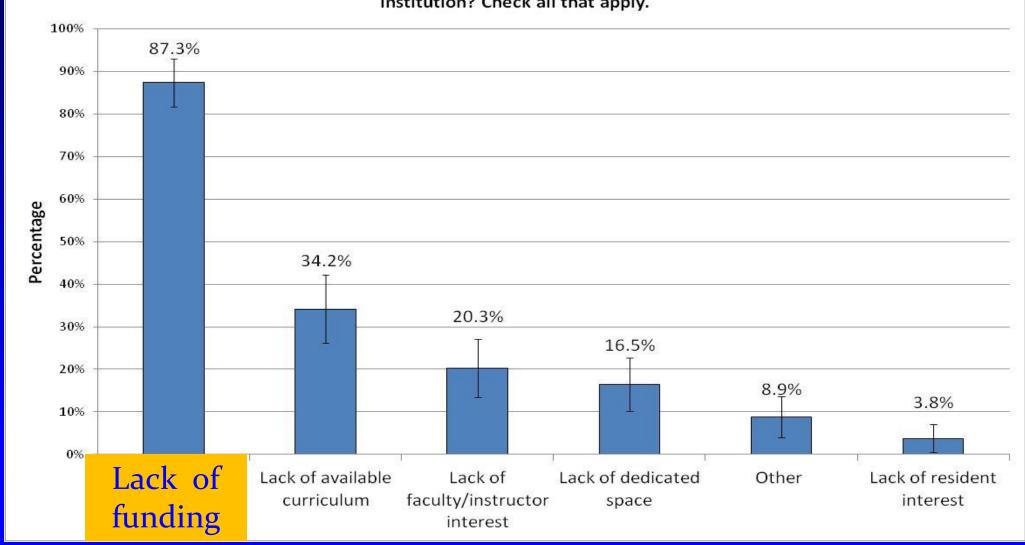
### Interest in a curriculum?

How interested are you in a standardized simulation of surgical skills curriculum for residents?



### Barrier to skills program

What is the most significant barrier to development of a formal surgical skills program at your institution? Check all that apply.



The American Board of Orthopaedic Surgery (ABOS) and the Residency Review Committee (RRC) will require a laboratory based surgical skills training program beginning Academic year 2013-2014. Requirements include:

- ☐ A curriculum with goals and objectives
- ☐ Assessment metrics
- ☐ A dedicated space for the skills training.
- ☐ Training in basic skills required of residents for emergency care and to prepare residents for future participation in surgical procedures.

# Here are the new Program Requirements for 2013?

IV.A.6.a).(2) <u>formal instruction in basic surgical skills, which may be provided</u> <u>longitudinally or as a dedicated rotation during either the orthopaedic or non-orthopaedic surgical rotations</u>; and,

IV.A.6.a).(2).(a) Basic surgical skills training must be designed to integrate with skills training in subsequent post graduate years and should prepare the PGY-1 resident to participate in orthopaedic surgery cases.

IV.A.6.a).(2).(b) The basic surgical **skills curriculum** must include:

IV.A.6.a).(2).(b).(i) goals and objectives and assessment metrics;

IV.A.6.a).(2).(b).(ii) skills used in the initial management of injured patients, including splinting, casting, application of traction devices, and other types of immobilization; and,

IV.A.6.a).(2).(b).(iii) basic operative skills, including soft tissue management, suturing, bone management, arthroscopy, fluoroscopy, and use of basic orthopaedic equipment.

# What is a skills simulation curriculum? ACS/APDS Phase I Curriculum Modules

- Asepsis, instruments
- Knot tying
- Suturing
- Tissue handling, wound management
- Advance tissue handling, flaps, grafts
- Catheterization
- Airway management
- Chest tubes
- Central lines
- Surgical biopsy

- Vascular anastomosis
- Laparotomy
- Bone fixation, casting
- Inguinal anatomy
- Upper endoscopy
- Colonoscopy
- Basic laparoscopic skills
- Advanced laparoscopic skills
- Hand sewn GI anastomosis
- Stapled GI anastomosis

### SKILLS MODULES



Orthopaedic faculty identifies relevant ultrasound anatomy as residents inject a cadaver limb joint

The design was a modular curriculum with each module created to train residents over a half to a full day. The 16 modules were primarily developed by orthopaedic faculty.

#### Members of the ABOS (AOA/CORD and AAOS) Surgical Skills Task Force

- J. Lawrence Marsh, MD Chair (ABOS)
- James E. Carpenter, MD (ABOS)
- Shepard R. Hurwitz, MD (ABOS)
- Michelle A. James, MD (ABOS)
- Joel T. Jeffries, MD (AOA/CORD)
- David F. Martin, MD (ABOS)
- Peter M. Murray, MD (ABOS)
- Bradford O. Parsons, MD (AAOS)
- Robert A. Pedowitz, MD, Ph.D. Co-Chair (AAOS)

- Brian C. Toolan, MD (AAOS)
- Ann E. Van Heest, MD (AOA/CORD)
- M. Daniel Wongworawat, MD (AAOS)

#### **Modules** (ABOS skills taskforce modules)

- 1. Sterile technique and operating room set up
- 2. Knot tying & suturing
- 3. Microsurgical suturing
- 4. Soft tissue handling techniques
- 5. Casting and splinting
- 6. Traction
- 7. Compartment syndrome
- 8. Bone handling techniques
- 9. Fluoroscopy
- 10. K-wire techniques

- 11. Basic techniques in ORIF
- 12. Principles and techniques of fracture reduction
- 13. External fixation
- 14. Basic Arthroscopy skills
- 15. Basics of Arthoplasty
- 16. Joint injection
- 17. Patient Safety

### Modules should include:

Low cost low tech options



### Modules should include:

■ Instruction in accepted techniques



#### Modules should include:

☐ Deliberate Practice in Medical Education includes Assessment

1. repetitive performance of intended cognitive or psychomotor skills.

2. rigorous skills assessment

3. specific information feedback

# Modules should include: Evaluation and assessment strategies

- Guided practice until performance within time standards
- Video of performance with blinded review by expert faculty with "pass" or "needs more practice"
- OR performance ONLY after verification





#### Calendar of the 16 Skills Modules

# January 2013

## All 6 PGY 1's

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
	1	2	3	4
			Module 1	Module 2
	Offices Closed	Orientation	Sterile Technique/OR Setup: Noiseux/Wolf	Fluoroscopy/ Radiology: Marsh/Karam
7	8	9	10	11
Module 3	Module 4	Module 5/6	Module 7	Module 8
Knot Tying & Suturing: Femino/Shah	Soft-Tissue Handling Techniques: Lawler/Miller	Compartment Syndrome: Karam/Ilgenfritz Traction: Dietz	Casting/Splinting - Ilgenfritz: Morcuende	Basic Techniques in ORIF: Karam/Marsh
14	15	16	17	18
Module 9	Module 10	Module 11	Module 12	Module 13
Bone Handling Techniques: Phisitkul	Principles and Techniques of Fracture Reduction: Karam/Marsh	Basic LE Arthroscopy Skills: Wolf	Basic UE Arthroscopy Skills: Wolf	Basic Spine Surgical Skill: Mendoza
21	22	23	24	25
	Module 14	Module 15	Module 16	Module 17
University Holiday MLK Day	Ultrasound Guided Joint Aspiration/ Injection: Hall	Hand Trauma/Skills: Shah/Lawler	Arthroplasty Hip Basic Skills: Noiseux/ Willenborg	Arthroplasty Knee Basic Skills: Noiseux/ Willenborg
28	29	30	31	
Module 18	Module 19/AOA	Module 19/AOA	Debriefing	
External Fixation: Femino	Research Methods: Anderson	Research Methods: Anderson	Survey/ Questionnaire	

## Some call on weekend no other clinical work

#### Module 8: Basic Techniques in ORIF



Equipment utilized in the ORIF Module



Faculty instructing residents on techniques used in the ORIF module

#### Module Description and Template: (patterned from ACS/APDS)

#### I. Objectives

- ·Learn to use a drill
- Learn to use a depth gauge
- ·Learn to use a tap
- Drill, measure and place screws
- Drill and place screws accurately
- •Increase difficulty as the module progresses

#### II. Assumptions

- III. Background Info and Knowledge
- IV. Suggested Readings
- V. Description of Laboratory Module

#### VI. Description of Techniques

- 1. Drilling, depth gauge, tap and screw
- 2. Unicortical vs bicortical drilling
- Directional drilling
- 4. PVC Pipe with soft tissue surrogate
- 5. Cadaver exercises

#### VII. Common Errors and Preventions

- 1. Plunging drill
- 2. Floundering with depth gauge
- 3. Incomplete tapping of far cortex
- 4. Inappropriate angle with tap and screw
- 5. Eccentric motion when placing the screw
- Inability to accomplish tasks with limited visualization
   Inability to drill and place screws on oblique surfaces
- 8. Inability to accomplish tasks when guided by fluoro
- VIII. Expert Performance and Videos
- IX. Recommendations for Practice
- X. Supplies and Station Setup
- XI. Assessment Metric
- XII. Estimated Costs of Module (\$700)
- XIII. Suggested Time Length (7 hours)

#### PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

#### Assessment Measures

- Objective Structured Assessment of Technical Skills (OSATS)
- Baseline and post course skill assessment
- Performance Checklists
- •Pre-module & Post-module questionnaires
- •Time To Completion

#### Detailed Research Modules

- ORIF Module
  - Measurement of articular step-off
  - Hand motion capture
- Guide Wire Navigation
  - Number of fluoro shots
  - # of attempts to redirect wire



PGY-1 resident completing post-test questionnaire.

#### Preliminary Outcomes

#### **ORIF Module:**

 Residents performed task of placing a distal tibia periarticular screw, syndesmosis screw, and/or medial malleolar screw on a cadaver.

	Pre-module	Post-module	Pre-module	Post-module
	OSATS	OSATS	Pass Rate	Pass Rate
Resident Avg.	55%	78%	50% Pass	100% Pass

### RESIDENT SURVEYS

Satisfaction	Survey Question
71.4%	Do you feel you had Just the Right amount of faculty instruction?
83.3%	How do you feel about the amount of assessment that you received? Just Right?
83.3%	How do you feel about the # of modules, was the number Just Right?
100%	For the program as a whole, where the modules generally Just the Right level?
100%	Did you have Just the Right amount of practice time?

"Overall excellent month for many reasons!"

\*

"The opportunity to spend the month with my co-interns and develop these skills as a group was an excellent experience."

"Great Month!"

"Learned a lot of necessary skills I will use in later years."

"Awesome month."

"I felt my surgical skills were enhanced over the month."

"Would highly recommend continuing it."



Faculty demonstrating soft tissue handling techniques

Surgical Skills Resident Survey Outcomes:			
Overall satisfaction		5	
Module format		5	
Did it help your surgical skill set?		4.5	
Did you feel like it enhanced your Orthopaedic training program?		5	
Did you feel it will enhance safety in the OR?		4.33	
Do you feel this should be a permanent part of surgical education?		5	
1= Worst 5=Best	Overall Satisfaction: 96.2%	4.81	

## COST



Faculty observes a resident perform an osteotomy on a surrogate bone model

Bone Surrogate:	\$	8,000
Cadaver Costs:	\$	10,000
Fluoroscopy Time	\$	300
Equipment Costs:	\$	1,000
Animal Models:	\$	700
Vid/Org. Assistant	\$	1,000
Lab Assistant	\$	1,500
Total:	\$2	22,500

## TIME ALLOCATED

Lab Assistant:
Video/Organizational Assistant
Faculty Time Per Module
Total Faculty Time

120 hrs

60 hrs

6-8 Hrs/Day for 1-2 Staff

102 hrs

## **Summary and Conclusions**

- ☐ Considerable time invested in the planning and execution but faculty members were engaged and eager to contribute.
- ☐ The greatest expense was for cadaveric specimens. With better planning and with different and more cost effective simulations, this expense could be reduced.
- ☐ The video content produced should allow residents to learn more independently, and decrease the faculty time commitment. Video will be available through the parallel project created by the ABOS/AAOS/AOA/CORD project.



#### **Summary and Conclusions**

- ☐ Resident satisfaction was high.
- Next year we will develop better assessment metrics and assess the relative value of each of the modules
- ☐ This experience suggests a dedicated month of surgical simulation has potential to change the paradigm of skills training for junior residents.



## New requirements for case log reporting

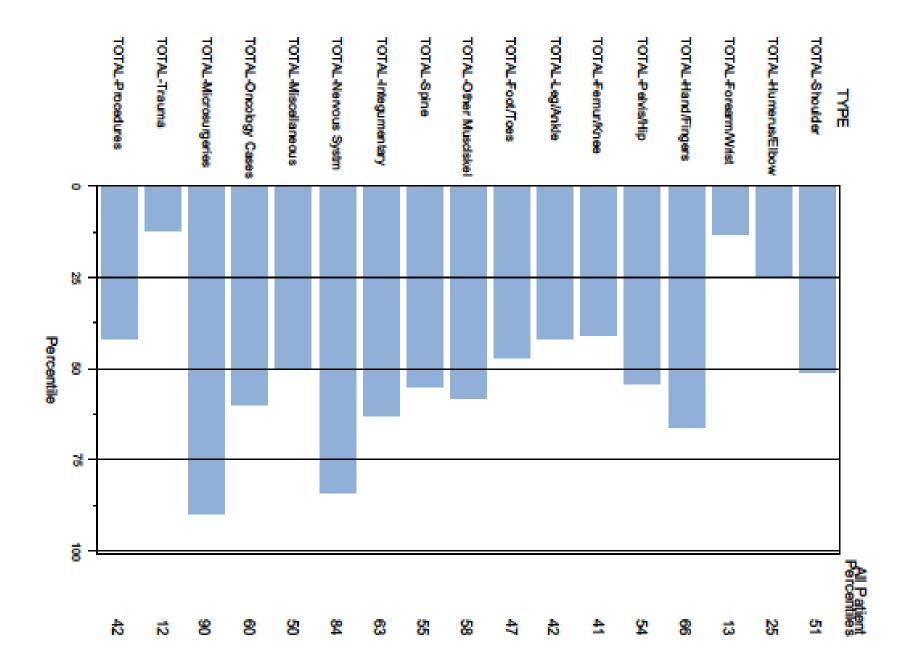
### Case Logs

Have been of gradually increasing importance to the RRC and will be a critical element of NAS data analysis. We plan on several improvements in case log reporting rules.

#### Case logs - more important in NAS

- Program data report not just 1000 -3000 total codes
  - Summary statistics at the program level, broken out by patient type (adult, pediatric, all)
  - >Program percentiles ranked vs national norms in anatomic areas
  - ➤ Procedural minimums (13 operations, & peds & oncology cases)

What should you be doing now???



#### Case Logs: Minimum Numbers

<b>Defined Case Category</b>	Min#	Defined Case Category	Min#
Knee Arthroscopy	30	Ankle Fracture Fixation	15
Shoulder Arthroscopy	20	Closed Reduction Forearm/wrist	20
ACL Reconstruction	10	Ankle/Hind/Mid Foot Arthroscopy	5
THA	30	Supracondylar Humerus Perc	5
TKA	30	Femur/Tibia Intramedullary Fixation	25
Hip Fractures	30	All Pediatric Procedures	200
Carpal Tunnel Release	10	All Oncology Procedures	10
Spine Decompression/Posterior Spine Fusion	15		

[PART 1] Progr	ams in the Nation: 149	Residents in the Nation: 67	75 Residents in this Prog	gram: 6
	Prog AVE	Min Req	Num of Res Bel Min	Nati Prog AVE
Defined Categories				
Knee Arthroscopy	116.7	30	0	164
Shoulder Arthroscopy	126.2	20	0	131
ACL Reconstruction	34.3	10	0	31
ТНА	107.0	30	0	85
TKA	114.0	30	0	118
Hip Fractures	39.2	30	1	52
Carpal Tunnel Release	52.0	10	0	35
Spine Decompression/Fusion	55.2	15	0	51
Ankle Fracture Fixation	48.8	15	0	64
Closed Reduction Forearm/Wrist	9.3	20	6	38
Ankle/Hind/Mid Foot Arthro	12.7	5	0	13
Supracondular Humerus Perc	11.7	5	1	14
Femur/Tibla intramedullary Fixation	31.8	25	1	46
Oncology Procedures	39.7	10	0	41
Pediatric Procedures	386.5	200	0	538

#### Case Logs

 Case Log program reports for all 2011-2012 graduates were reviewed and minimum number discrepancies noted (NOT CITED)

• Residents graduating 2012-2013 and beyond are expected to demonstrate compliance with the minimum numbers

#### Case logs – Make the data better!

- Upcoming developments (approved but pending):
  - Residents should enter as many codes as applicable for each case but must identify the **primary code**
  - Multiple index procedures done during a single patient operation will be entered as separate cases
  - 2 residents participating in a bilateral case should separately enter their participation
  - **Level of involvement definitions**

What should we be doing now???

### Case Logs: Resident Surgeon Definitions

• Level 1 - Primary or Supervising resident surgeon — The resident is scrubbed on the case and participates in preoperative assessment and planning.

<u>Primary</u> – the resident performs key portions of the procedure.

<u>Supervising</u> – the resident surgeon guides another resident through key portions of the procedure.

When a resident acts as a supervising surgeon and another resident is the primary surgeon both of the residents may log the case as Level 1.

Level 2 <u>Assisting</u> resident surgeon – The resident is scrubbed on the case and participates in preoperative assessment and planning and assists a more senior surgeon in the key portions and may participate in opening or closing or other non-key portions.

#### Case Logs: Surgeon Definitions

- Residents should log procedural experiences as either **Level 1** or **Level 2**. They should not log the procedure if they participate at less than these levels. All procedures at both levels require appropriate faculty supervision and participation in the case.
- To count for procedural minimums the resident must have
   Level 1 involvement in the case

#### Case Logs: FAQs

- CPT code list for each DCC:
  - http://www.acgme.org/acgmeweb/Portals/0/PFAssets/ProgramResources/260\_ORS\_Case\_Log\_Minimum\_Numbers.pdf
- Case Log FAQs (see orthopaedic surgery FAQs):
   <a href="http://www.acgme.org/acgmeweb/Portals/0/PDFs/FAQ/2">http://www.acgme.org/acgmeweb/Portals/0/PDFs/FAQ/2</a>
   Orthopaedic Surgery FAQs.pdf

# Vilestones development and implementation

### Milestones

5 level assessments of resident knowledge, skills, attitudes, and other attributes of performance in the six competencies in a developmental framework from less to more advanced. They are designed to demonstrate program outcomes by assessing resident progress through the competencies measured in the milestone framework!

### Milestones: Medical Knowledge & Patient Care

- ACL
- Ankle Arthritis
- Ankle Fracture
- Carpal Tunnel
- Degenerative Spine
- Diabetic Foot
- Diaphyseal Femur & Tibia Fracture
- Distal Radius Fracture
- Adult Elbow Fracture
- Hip & Knee Osteoarthritis

- Hip Fracture
- Metastatic Bone Lesion
- Meniscal Tear
- Pediatric Septic Hip
- Rotator Cuff Injury
- Pediatric Supracondylar Humerus Fracture

Small slices of clinical care – a biopsy of resident performance!

#### Orthopaedic Surgery Milestones

- General
  - Professionalism (2)
  - Interpersonal Skills & Communication (2)
  - Practice-based learning (2)
  - Systems-based practice (3)
- See all milestones at:

<a href="http://www.acgme-nas.org/assets/pdf/Milestones/OrthopaedicSurgeryMilestones.pdf">http://www.acgme-nas.org/assets/pdf/Milestones/OrthopaedicSurgeryMilestones.pdf</a>

#### Milestones: Medical knowledge (example)

Milestone Description: Pediatric Septic Hip – Medical Knowledge				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Demonstrates     knowledge of common     presentation of hip     septic arthritis      Demonstrates     knowledge of basic hip	Demonstrates     knowledge of     pathophysiology of joint     damage related to septic     arthritis      Demonstrates	Demonstrates     knowledge of the     vascular supply in the     skeletally immature hip      Demonstrates     knowledge of	Demonstrates     knowledge of options     and anatomy for surgical     approaches      Demonstrates     knowledge of atypical	Author/presenter in published work
Demonstrates     knowledge of basic     imaging studies      Demonstrates     knowledge of     appropriate laboratory     studies	<ul> <li>knowledge of basic surgical approach</li> <li>Demonstrates knowledge of the differential diagnosis of the irritable hip</li> <li>Understands natural history and the effects of intervention</li> <li>Demonstrates knowledge of advanced imaging studies</li> </ul>	microbiology and antibiotic choices  Demonstrates knowledge of potential complications  Demonstrates knowledge of clinical and laboratory data relevant to differential diagnosis	infecting organisms and management options	
Comments:				

Hip and Knee Osteo Arthritis (OA) – Patient Care				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Obtains history and performs basic physical exam     Appropriately orders basic imaging studies     Prescribes non-operative treatments (e.g., NSAIDs, physical therapy, assistive devices)     Provides basic perioperative management (e.g., pre- and post-operative assessment)     Lists potential complications (e.g., infections, dislocations, thromboembolic disease, periprosthetic fracture, neurovascular compromise)	<ul> <li>Obtains focused history and performs focused exam</li> <li>Appropriately interprets basic imaging studies</li> <li>Manages non-operative treatment (e.g., NSAIDs, physical therapy, assistive devices, injections)</li> <li>Completes pre-operative planning with instrumentation and implants (e.g., implant templating, instruments needed)</li> <li>Capable of performing one basic surgical approach to the hip and knee</li> <li>Provides post-operative management and rehabilitation (e.g., orders appropriate peri-operative medications and mobilization)</li> <li>Capable of diagnosis and early management of complications (e.g., infections, dislocations)</li> <li>Assesses for risk of thromboembolic disease</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Appropriately orders and interprets advanced imaging studies (e.g., MRI, CT, nuclear medicine imaging, and advanced radiographs views)</li> <li>Appropriately recommends surgical intervention</li> <li>Completes comprehensive pre-operative planning with alternatives</li> <li>Modifies and adjusts post-operative treatment plan as needed</li> <li>Capable of surgically treating simple complications (e.g., closed reduction, irrigation, and debridement)</li> <li>Provides prophylaxis and manages thromboembolic disease</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Capable of performing alternative surgical approaches to the hip and knee arthritis</li> <li>Capable of performing primary THR and TKR</li> <li>Capable of treating complications both intraand post-operatively (e.g., peri-prosthetic fractures, infections, instability)</li> </ul>	Competently performs two or more approaches to the hip and knee Capable of performing complex primary and simple revision THR and TKR (e.g., hip dysplasia, hip protrusio, valgus knee, loose components, uniarthroplasty) Develops unique, complex post-operative management plans (e.g., infections, dislocations, neurovascular compromise) Surgically treats complex complications (e.g., periprosthetic fractures, knee instability)
Comments:				
			Not ye	et rotated 🗀

Hip and Knee Osteo Arthritis (OA) – Patient Care				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Obtains history and performs basic physical exam     Appropriately orders basic imaging studies     Prescribes non-operative treatments (e.g., NSAIDs, physical therapy, assistive devices)     Provides basic perioperative management (e.g., pre- and post-operative assessment)     Lists potential complications (e.g., infections, dislocations, thromboembolic disease, periprosthetic fracture, neurovascular compromise)	<ul> <li>Obtains focused history and performs focused exam</li> <li>Appropriately interprets basic imaging studies</li> <li>Manages non-operative treatment (e.g., NSAIDs, physical therapy, assistive devices, injections)</li> <li>Completes pre-operative planning with instrumentation and implants (e.g., implant templating, instruments needed)</li> <li>Capable of performing one basic surgical approach to the hip and knee</li> <li>Provides post-operative management and rehabilitation (e.g., orders appropriate peri-operative medications and mobilization)</li> <li>Capable of diagnosis and early management of complications (e.g., infections, dislocations)</li> <li>Assesses for risk of thromboembolic disease</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Appropriately orders and interprets advanced imaging studies (e.g., MRI, CT, nuclear medicine imaging, and advanced radiographs views)</li> <li>Appropriately recommends surgical intervention</li> <li>Completes comprehensive pre-operative planning with alternatives</li> <li>Modifies and adjusts post-operative treatment plan as needed</li> <li>Capable of surgically treating simple complications (e.g., closed reduction, irrigation, and debridement)</li> <li>Provides prophylaxis and manages thromboembolic disease</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Capable of performing alternative surgical approaches to the hip and knee arthritis</li> <li>Capable of performing primary THR and TKR</li> <li>Capable of treating complications both intraand post-operatively (e.g., peri-prosthetic fractures, infections, instability)</li> </ul>	Competently performs two or more approaches to the hip and knee Capable of performing complex primary and simple revision THR and TKR (e.g., hip dysplasia, hip protrusio, valgus knee, loose components, uniarthroplasty) Develops unique, complex post-operative management plans (e.g., infections, dislocations, neurovascular compromise) Surgically treats complex complications (e.g., periprosthetic fractures, knee instability)
Comments:				
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Comments:				
			Not ye	t rotated

#### Milestones: Other competencies

- Practice-based learning & improvement: locates, appraises & assimilates evidence from scientific studies to improve patient care
- Systems-based practice: cost-effective practice
- Systems-based practice: interprofessional teamwork
- Systems-based practice: uses technology to accomplish safe health care delivery
- Interpersonal and communications skills: communication
- Interpersonal and communications skills: teamwork
- Professionalism: compassion, integrity, respect for others; adherence to ethical principles of medicine; putting patients above self-interest
- Professionalism: accountability & personal responsibility

#### **Pertinent Milestones Information**

- Required beginning fall 2013
- ➤ **NOT** going to be used for actual program review until normative data is collected (2015 at the earliest)

- ➤ **NOT** intended to be added on to other evaluations for resident competency
  - Intended to replace these
- > NOT the key to competency-based education
  - Reaching milestones won't shorten education; failing to reach them won't lengthen it

#### Clinical Competency Committee

- New proposed Common Program Requirements for Clinical Competency Committee (V.A.1)
  - ➤ Program director must appoint Clinical Competency Committee (CCC)
  - CCC members: at least 3 program faculty; additional eligible members include non-physician members of the health care team, residents in their final year
  - CCC reviews all resident evaluations by all evaluators semi-annually, prepares and ensures semi-annual milestone reports to ACGME, recommends to PD resident progress decisions (promotion, remediation, dismissal)

#### Clinical Competency Committee

- Clinical Competency Committee
  - May include Program Director, Chair
  - Represents core subspecialties
  - Meets every six months to review assessments (in resident portfolio) and determine milestone levels
  - Works by consensus

#### Milestones Important Timeline

• Now: Form a CCC and prepare for milestone evaluations

• July – December 2013: First evaluation period

• **December**: First milestone evaluations submitted to ACGME (via web)

### Milestones Timeline: Core Programs

- January June 2014: second evaluation period
- June 2014: Second milestone evaluations submitted to ACGME (via web)
- January 2015: RRC review of AY 2013/2014 milestone data

### Milestones Timeline: Subspecialty Programs

- Spring 2014: Form a CCC and prepare for milestone evaluations
- July December 2014: First evaluation period
- December 2014: First milestone evaluations submitted to ACGME (via web)

### Milestones Timeline: Subspecialty Programs

- January June 2015: second evaluation period
- June 2015: Second milestone evaluations submitted to ACGME (via web)
- January 2016: RRC review of AY 2014/2015 milestone data

# Next Accreditation System Basics



#### Next Accreditation System Goals

- Help produce physicians for 21<sup>st</sup> century
- Accredit programs based on outcomes
- Reduce administrative burden of accreditation
- Free good programs to innovate
- Assist underperforming programs to improve
- Provide public accountability for outcomes



### Next Accreditation System Key Features

- Continuous accreditation model
- No PIF's or cycle lengths
- Annual program review of core program data
- Scheduled (self-study) visits every ten years
- Focused site visits only for issues

### Conceptual Model of Standards Implementation Across the Continuum of Programs in a Specialty

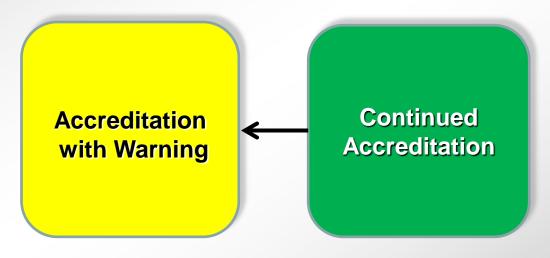
Continued Accreditation

#### **STANDARDS**

Core Process
Detail Process
Outcomes

Outcomes
Core Process
Detail Process

### **Conceptual Model of Standards Implementation Across the Continuum of Programs in a Specialty**

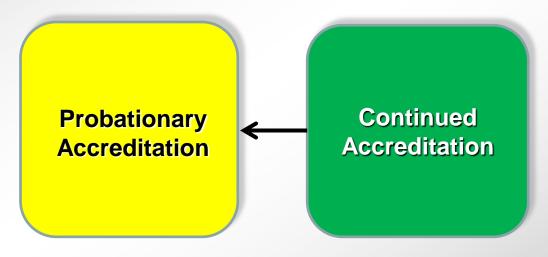


#### **STANDARDS**

Core Process
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Outcomes
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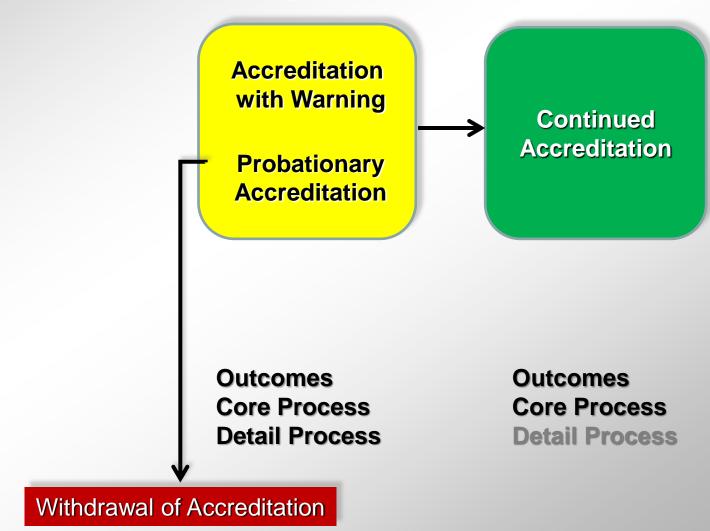
Outcomes
Core Process
Detail Process



#### **STANDARDS**

Core Process
Detail Process
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Outcomes
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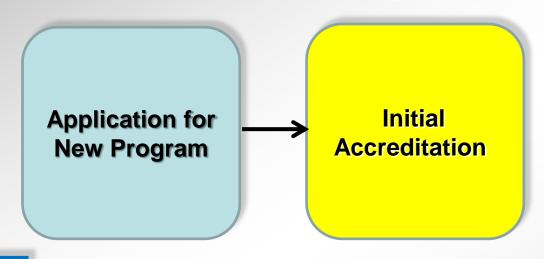
**STANDARDS** 

Core Process
Detail Process
Outcomes

Application for New Program

#### **STANDARDS**

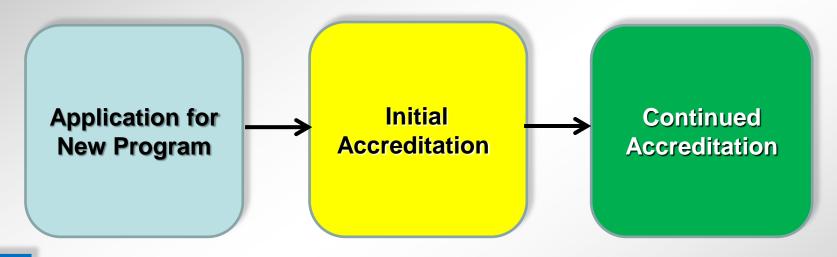
Core Process
Detail Process
Outcomes



#### **STANDARDS**

Core Process
Detail Process
Outcomes

Outcomes
Core Process
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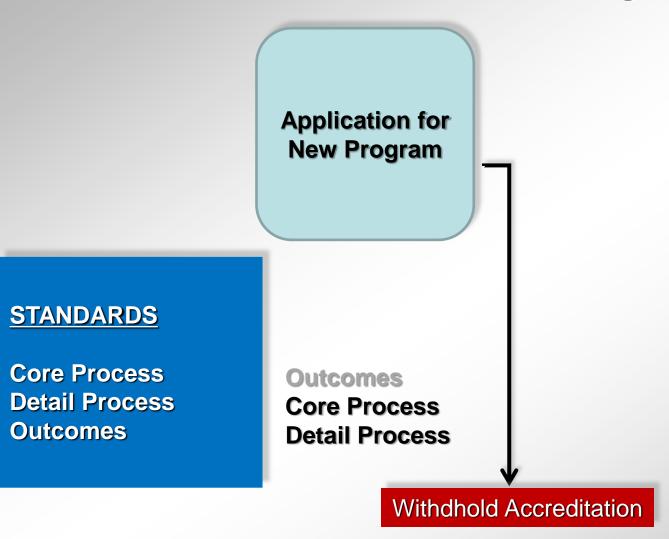


#### **STANDARDS**

Core Process
Detail Process
Outcomes

Outcomes
Core Process
Detail Process

Outcomes
Core Process
Detail Process



## Conceptual Model of Standards Implementation Across the Continuum of Programs in Neurosurgery

Application for New Program

1-2%

Accreditation with Warning

Probationary Accreditation

5-10%

Continued Accreditation

90-95%

#### **STANDARDS**

Core Process
Detail Process
Outcomes

Outcomes
Core Process
Detail Process

Outcomes
Core Process
Detail Process

Outcomes
Core Process
Detail Process

Withdrawal of Accreditation

<1%

### **Annual Data Reviewed by RRC**

#### Most already in place

- Annual ADS Update
  - ✓ Program Characteristics Structure and resources
  - ✓ Program Changes PD / core faculty / residents
  - Scholarly Activity Faculty and residents
  - Omission of data
- ✓ Board Pass Rate 5 year rolling average
- Resident Survey Common and specialty elements
- ✓ Clinical Experience Case logs
- ✓ Semi-Annual Resident Evaluation and Feedback
  - Milestones
- Faculty Survey



### Streamlined ADS Annual Update

- 33 questions removed
- 14 questions simplified
- Very few essay questions
- Self-reported board pass rate removed
- Faculty CVs removed
- 11 MCQ or Y/N questions added



## **Current PIF Faculty CV**

First Name: John		MI: <b>A</b>	Last Name: S	mith				
Present Position: De	partment Chairman	•	•					
Medical School Nan	ne: North Univ, Roots	, CA						
Degree Awarded: M	D		Year Comple	ted: 1993				
Graduate Medical Ed	lucation Program Name							
Specialty/Field: Uro	logy			Date From: 7/1993	Date To: 6/1998			
	Certification Inf	ormation		Current Licensus	re Data			
Specialty	Certification Year	Certification Status	Re-Cert Year	State	Date of Expiration			
Urology	2001	Original Certification Valid		CA	1/2014			
Acaden	nic Appointments - Lis	t the past ten years, beg	ginning with ye	our current position.				
Start Date	End Date		Description of	Position(s)				
7/2009	Present	State Pro	ogram					
7/1999	Present		State Pro	ogram				
3/2002	6/2009		State Program					

#### Concise Summary of Role in Program:

Fellowship-trained in female urology and urodynamics. Dr. Smith brings an expertise that is vital to resident training in urology. Along with Dr. James, he coordinates all resident research activities. He is an active participant at all urology conferences.

#### Current Professional Activities / Committees (limit of 10):

- . [2009 Present] Chairman, Department of Urology; Medical Center
- [2009 Present] Chairman, Division of Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Pelvic Surgery, Department of Urology; City Hospital
- [2009 Present] President, Urological Society
- [2009 Present] Co-Chairman, Division of Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Pelvic Surgery;
   Medical Center
- [1999 Present] Member, Society for Urodynamics and Female Urology
- [1999 Present] Member, American Urogynecologic Society
- [1999 Present] Member, International Continence Society
- [1999 Present] Member, Section of the American Urological Association
- [1999 Present] Member, Urologic Society
- [1998 Present] Member, American Urological Association

#### Selected Bibliography - Most representative Peer Reviewed Publications / Journal Articles from the last 5 years

#### (limit of 10):

- Names. Historical perspective and outcomes for neurogenic bladder. Future Medicine 6(2)165-175, 2009
- Names. Application and comparison of the American Urological Association and European Association
  of Urology current recommendations for antibiotic prophylaxis in the urologic patient undergoing office
  procedures. Future Medicine 6(2)145-149, 2009.
- Names. Two popular treatment options for neurogenic bladder Therapy 2009 6:2, 133-134
- Names. Editorial comment. Effect of pelvic floor interferential electrostimulation on urodynamic parameters and incontinency of children with myelomeningocele and detrusor overactivity. Urology.

2009 Aug;74(2):329; author reply 329-30.

 Names. Tethered cord syndrome in a 24-year-old woman presenting with urinary retention. Int Urogynecol J Pelvic Floor Dysfunct. 18(6) 679-81, 2007.

#### Selected Review Articles, Chapters and / or Textbooks from the last 5 years (limit of 10):

- The Accidental Sisterhood: Take control of your bladder and your life. Names. 3rd Edition, Pelvic Floor Health. City. State. 2009
- The Accidental Sisterhood: Take control of your bladder and your life. Names. 2cd Edition, Pelvic Floor Health, City, State, 2007
- The Accidental Sisterhood: Take control of your bladder and your life. Names. Pelvic Floor Health, City, State, 2006
- Names. Whitmore, K.E. Hypersensitivity Disorders of the Lower Urinary tract. Urogynecology and Reconstructive Pelvic Surgery, 3rd edition. Mosby-Year Book, City, State, 2007.

#### Participation in Local, Regional, and National Activities / Presentations / Abstracts / Grants from the last 5 years (limit of 10):

- Incontinence in Women: An objective look at the options. Course faculty member AUA Annual Meeting, Sam Francisco, CA 2010 AUA Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL 2009 AUA Annual Meeting, Orlando, FL 2008 AUA Annual Meeting, Anaheim, CA 2007
- Multi-institutional experience with sacral neuromodulation in children for dysfunctional elimination syndrome or neurogenic bladder with intcontinence. Urological Annual meeting 2010 (presented by Katherine Hubert)
- Overactive bladder and Interstim Therapy, AdvaMed-Advanced Medical Technology Association, Washington, DC, 2008
- Stress Urinary Incontinence and Prolapse, Case presentations and complications Urologic Society Annual meeting 2007.
- Acute urinary retention status post suburethral sling, Names. Urologic Society Annual meeting 2007
- Commercial Prolapse Repair "Kits" vs. Traditional Transvaginal Prolapse Repairs: A Comparison of Efficacy and Cost. Names, A. Society for Urodynamics and Female Urology (SUFU), February 22, 2007 (Poster) Southeastern Section of the AUA. March 8-11. 2007 (Poster)
- Abdominal Sacral Colpopexy with Soft Polypropylene Mesh is Safe and Effective at Three-Year Follow-Up. Names. SUMMA Postgraduate Day, 2006.
- Early Complication Rates of the Apogee/Perigee? Prolapse Repair System for Vaginal Vault Prolapse.
   Names. Accepted for oral presentation, SUMMA Postgraduate Day, 2006.
- The Correlation Between Valsalva Leak-Point Pressure (VLPP) and MUCP in Determining Genuine Stress Urinary Incontinence and Intrinsic Sphincter Deficiency. Names. Postgraduate Day, Locations, June 6, 2005 Section of the AUA, September 2005

If not ABMS board certified, explain equivalent qualifications for RC consideration:

ategories for p		Peer Review Publication									
	June Smith	12433			June Smith 12433	1		0	hi		Y
	Resident	Resident PMID PMID 3 Conference Presentations		Conference Presentations		Chapters / Textbooks	Participated in research		Teaching / Presentations		
esident cholar ly ctivity	Mouse-over definitions:	Pu pu	ed ids ( bMed) fi blished 011 and List up	or articl between 16/30/2	les en	Number of abstracts, posters, and presentations given at international, national, or regiona meetings between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012		Number of chapters or textbooks published between 7/1/2011 and 5/30/2012	Participated in funded or non- funded basic science or clinical outcomes research project between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012		Lecture, or presentation (such as grand round or case presentations) of at least 30 minute duration within the sponsoring institution or program between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012
	John Smith	12433	32411			3	1	1	3	Y	N
	Faculty Member	PMID 1	PMID 2	PMID 3	PMID 4	Conference Presentations	Other Presentations	Chapters / Textbooks	Grant Leadership	Leadership or Peer-Review Role	Teaching Formal Courses
culty cholarly ctivity	Mouse-over definitions;	Pu pu 7/1/2	led ids bMed) t blished 011 and List up	or articles to the following to the design of the design o	les en 2012	Number of abstracts, posters, and presentations given at international, national, or regional meetings between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012	Number of other presentations given (grand rounds, invited professorships), materials developed (such as computer-based modules), or work presented in non-peer review publications between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012	Number of chapters or textbooks published between 7/1/2011 and 5/30/2012	Number of grants for which faculty member had a leadership role (PI, Co-PI, or site director) between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012	Had an active leadership role (such as serving on committees or governing boards) in national medical organizations or served as reviewer or editorial board member for a peer-reviewed journal between 7/1/2011 and 5/30/2012	Between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012, held responsibility for seminar, conference series, course coordination (such as arrangement of presentations and speakers, organization of materials, assessment of participants' performance) for any didactic training within the sponsoring institution or program. This include training modules for medical students, residents, fellows and other health professionals. This does not include single presentations such as individual lectures or conferences.

Number abstracts. Pub Med Ids (assigned b and pres PubMed) for articles Faculty given at Mouse-over published between Scholarly nternation definitions: 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012 ational, o Activity List up to 4 neetings 11/2011 6/30/2012 PMID PMID PMID PMID Confe Faculty Member Preser John Smith 12433 32411

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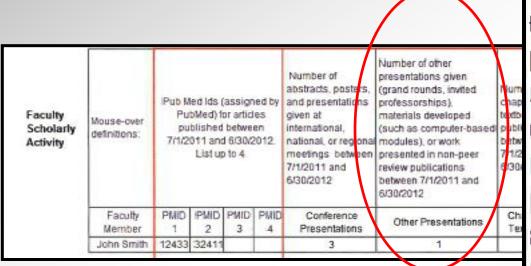
Number of abstracts, posters, and presentations given at international, national, or regional meetings between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012

Conference Presentations

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Enter a number





Number of other presentations given (grand rounds, invited professorships), materials developed (such as computer-based modules), or work presented in non-peer review publications between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012

Other Presentations

en 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012, held nsibility for seminar, conference series, or e coordination (such as arrangement of ntations and speakers, organization of ials, assessment of participants' mance) for any didactic training within the soring institution or program. This includes ig modules for medical students, ents, fellows and other health ssionals. This does not include single ntations such as individual lectures or rences.

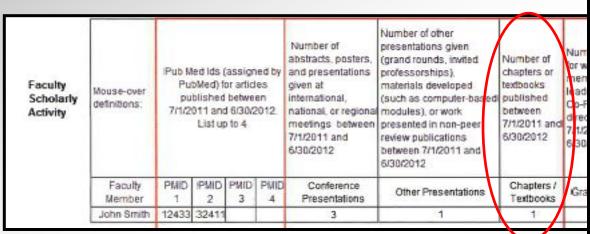
Teaching Formal Courses

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Enter a number

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Number of chapters or textbooks published between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012

Between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012, held responsibility for seminar, conference series, or course coordination (such as arrangement of presentations and speakers, organization of materials, assessment of participants' performance) for any didactic training within the sponsoring institution or program. This includes training modules for medical students, residents, fellows and other health professionals. This does not include single presentations such as individual lectures or conferences.

Teaching Formal Courses

N:

Enter a number

Chapters / Textbooks



© 2013 Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME)

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Number of grants for which faculty member had a leadership role (PI, Co-PI, or site director) between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012

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Grant Leadership

Enter a number

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Medical Education (ACGME)

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Answer Yes or No

Leadership or Peer-Review Role





Faculty
Scholarly
Activity

Mouse-over definitions:

Mouse-over definitions:

Pub Med Ids (assign PubMed) for article published between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2 List up to 4.

Faculty
Member 1 2 3

John Smith 12433 32411

Between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012, held responsibility for seminar, conference series, or course coordination (such as arrangement of presentations and speakers, organization of materials, assessment of participants' performance) for any didactic training within the sponsoring institution or program. This includes training modules for medical students. residents, fellows and other health professionals. This does not include single presentations such as individual lectures or conferences.

Answer Yes or No

Teaching Formal Courses

Between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012, held responsibility for seminar, conference series, or course coordination (such as arrangement of presentations and speakers, organization of materials, assessment of participants' performance) for any didactic training within the sponsoring institution or program. This includes training modules for medical students, residents, fellows and other health professionals. This does not include single presentations such as individual lectures or conferences.



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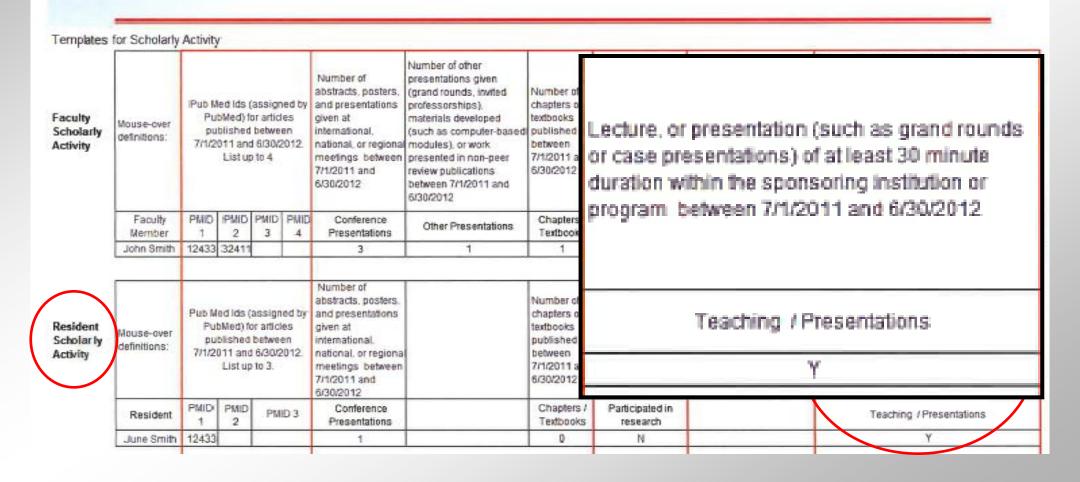


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T	emplates f	for Scholarly	Activity	r								
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		Faculty Member	PMID 1	PMID 2	PMID 3	PMID -4	Conference Presentations	Other Presentations	Chapters / Textbooks	Grant Leadership	Leadership or Peer-Review Role	Teaching Formal Courses
		John Smith	12433	32411			3	1	1	3	Y	N
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		Resident	PMID 1	PMID 2	PM	IID 3	Conference Presentations		Chapters / Textbooks	Participated in research		Teaching / Presentations
		June Smith	12433				1		0	N		Y

Faculty Scholarly Activity	Mouse-over definitions:	Pu pu	bMed) fo blished	or articles between 16/30/2012	Number of abstracts, posters, and presentations given at international, national, or regional meetings between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012	professorships), materials developed (such as computer-based modules), or work presented in non-peer	Number of chapters or tedbooks published between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012	Number of grants for which faculty member had a leadership role (PI, Co-PI, or site director) between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012	Had an active leadership role (such as serving on committees or governing boards) in national medical organizations or served as reviewer or editorial board member for a peer-reviewed journal between 7/1/2011 and 5/30/2012	Between 7/1/2011 and 6/30/2012, held responsibility for seminar, conference series, or course coordination (such as arrangement of presentations and speakers, organization of materials, assessment of participants' performance) for any didactic training within the sponsoring institution or program. This include training modules for medical students, residents, fellows and other health professionals. This does not include single presentations such as individual lectures or conferences.
	Faculty Member	PMID 1	PMID 2	PMID PMID 3 4	Conference Presentations	Other Presentations	Chapters / Textbooks	Grant Leadership	Leadership or Peer-Review Role	Teaching Formal Courses
	John Smith	12433	32411		3	1	1	3	Y	N
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	Year 1												
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Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun Sep		

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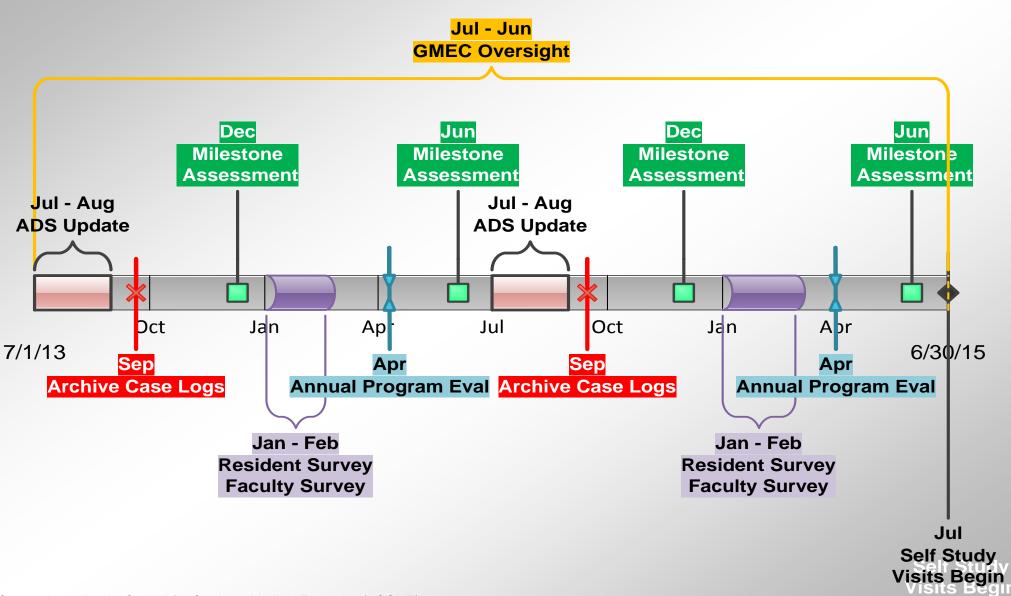
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ADS Update			Yr 1										Yr2	
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		Year 1												
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Resident Survey									Yr 1					
ADS Update			Yr 1										Yr2	
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ADS Update			Yr 1										Yr2
Case Logs			Yr 0										Yr1
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		Year 1													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Sep		
Milestones	Yr 0					Yr	1					Yr 1			
Faculty Survey									Yr 1						
Resident Survey									Yr 1						
ADS Update			Yr 1										Yr2		
Case Logs			Yr 0										Yr1		
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Sep		

#### **Program Activities – Next System**



### NAS Program Activities

- Annual data submission
- Annual Program Evaluation
- Self-study visit every ten years
- Other <u>possible</u> RRC requests:
  - Progress reports for potential problems
  - Focused site visit
  - Full site visit
  - Site visit for potential egregious violations

### NAS: Annual Program Evaluation

New proposed Common Program Requirements for Annual Program Evaluation (V.C.1)

- Program director must appoint Program Evaluation Committee (PEC)
- PEC members: at least 3 program faculty; representation from residents
- Written description of PEC responsibilities
- PEC plans, develops implements evaluates program activities, develops competency-based goals and objectives, conducts annual program review, ensures areas of non-compliance are corrected



### NAS: Annual Program Evaluation

New proposed Common Program Requirements for Annual Program Evaluation (V.C.2)

 The program, through the PEC, must document formal, systematic evaluation of the curriculum at least annually, and is responsible for rendering a full, written annual program evaluation (APE).



### NAS: RRC Accreditation Activities

- RRC <u>spring</u> meeting: <u>annual data review</u> for all programs
  - ADS update
  - Resident and faculty survey
  - Milestone reports
  - Case log reports
  - Board pass rate data (aggregated rolling average)
- RRC <u>spring</u> meeting: follow-up reports and focused site visits from previous meeting
- RRC <u>spring</u> meeting: smaller number of self-study visit reports

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### NAS: RRC Accreditation Activities

- RRC <u>fall</u> meeting: larger number of <u>self-study</u> visit reports
- RRC <u>fall</u> meeting: follow-up reports and focused site visits from previous meeting



### NAS Site Visits: Self-Study

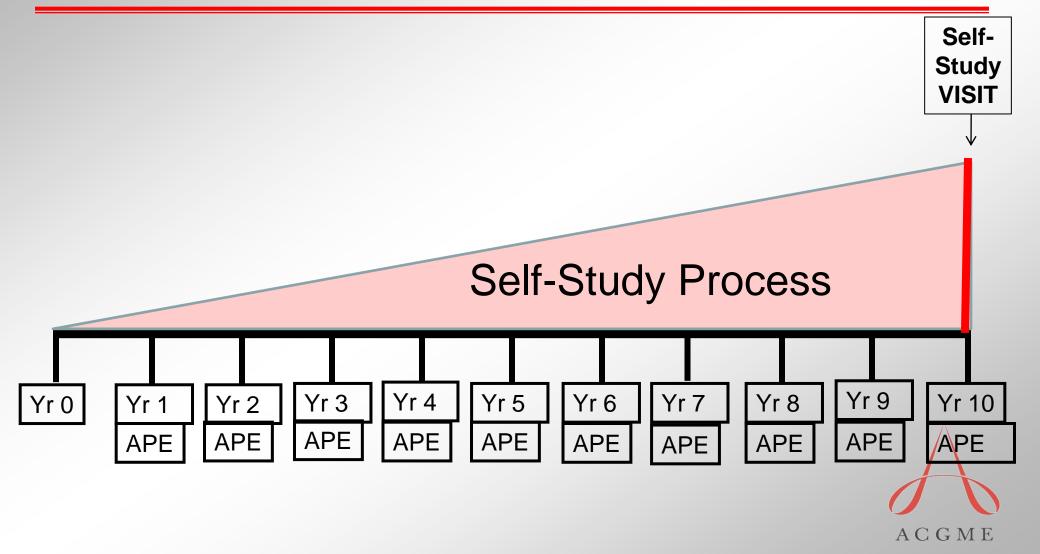
- Not fully developed
- Scheduled every ten years
- Conducted by a team of visitors
- Minimal document preparation
- Interview residents, faculty, leadership
- Self-study visit program begins July 2015
- Core and subspecialty programs with the same sponsoring institution will be visited together

## NAS Site Visits: Self-Study

- Examine annual program evaluations
  - Response to citations
  - Faculty development
- Focus: Continuous improvement in program
- Learn future goals of program
- May verify compliance with Core requirements



### NAS Site Visits: Self-Study



#### **NAS Site Visits: Focused**

- Assesses selected aspects of a program and may be used:
  - to address potential problems identified during review of annually submitted data;
  - to diagnose factors underlying deterioration in a program's performance
  - to evaluate a complaint against a program



#### NAS Site Visits: Focused

- Minimal notification given
- Minimal document preparation expected
- Team of site visitors
- Specific program area(s) investigated as instructed by the RRC



#### NAS Site Visits: Full

- Application for new program
- At the end of the initial accreditation period
- RRC identifies broad issues / concerns
- Other serious conditions or situations identified by the RRC
- More information on site visits:
   http://www.acgme.org/acgmeweb/GraduateMedicalEducation/SiteVisitandFieldStaff/SiteVisitFAQaas

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## Accreditation Cycle: Next

- Begin July 1, 2013
- First Milestone reports: December 2013
- First annual program data review (no milestones): January 2014
- First annual program data review with milestones: January 2015
- Self-study visits begin July 2015
- First RRC review of program self study: January 2016

### NAS: Policies and Procedures

- Policies and Procedures: 7/1/2013
   <a href="http://www.acgme-nas.org/assets/pdf/FinalMasterNASPolicyProcedures.pdf">http://www.acgme-nas.org/assets/pdf/FinalMasterNASPolicyProcedures.pdf</a>
  - NO proposed adverse actions
  - Potential Actions (if currently accredited): progress report; focused site visit; continued accreditation; accreditation with warning; probation; complement reduction



### NAS: Policies and Procedures

- Policies and Procedures: 7/1/2013
  - Effective 7/1/2013, the ACGME will not accredit new independent subspecialty programs.
  - ➤ Effective 7/1/2015, currently accredited independent subspecialty programs sponsored by an ACGME-accredited institution with a core must operate as a dependent subspecialty to the core program.
  - Dependent subspecialty programs are affiliated with an ACGME-accredited specialty program and are under the governance of that specialty program's sponsoring institution.

### NAS: Policies and Procedures

Policies and Procedures: 7/1/2013

Currently accredited independent subspecialty programs that are also single-program sponsoring institutions must comply with one of the following by 7/1/2015:

- Become an ACGME-accredited sponsoring institution under the oversight of the ACGME Institutional Review Committee <u>OR</u>
- 2. Change sponsorship to a geographically proximate institution that is currently ACGME-accredited under the oversight of the ACGME Institutional Review Committee

# THANK YOU!

