Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Milestones

The Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education



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Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Milestones

The Milestones are designed only for use in evaluation of fellows in the context of their participation in ACGME-accredited residency or fellowship programs. The Milestones provide a framework for the assessment of the development of the fellow in key dimensions of the elements of physician competency in a specialty or subspecialty. They neither represent the entirety of the dimensions of the six domains of physician competency, nor are they designed to be relevant in any other context.

Child and Adolescent Psychiatry Milestones

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American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology

ACGME Review Committee for Psychiatry

Understanding Milestone Levels and Reporting

This document presents the Milestones, which programs use in a semi-annual review of fellow performance, and then report to the ACGME. Milestones are knowledge, skills, attitudes, and other attributes for each of the ACGME Competencies organized in a developmental framework. The narrative descriptions are targets for fellow performance throughout their educational program.

Milestones are arranged into levels. Tracking from Level 1 to Level 5 is synonymous with moving from novice to expert fellow in the specialty or subspecialty. For each reporting period, the Clinical Competency Committee will review the completed evaluations to select the milestone levels that best describe each learner's current performance, abilities, and attributes for each subcompetency.

These levels *do not* correspond with post-graduate year of education. Depending on previous experience, a junior fellow may achieve higher levels early in the educational program just as a senior fellow may be at a lower level later in the educational program. There is no predetermined timing for a resident to attain any particular level. Fellows may also regress in achievement of their milestones. This may happen for many reasons, such as over scoring in a previous review, a disjointed experience in a particular procedure, or a significant act by the resident/fellow.

Selection of a level implies the resident/fellow substantially demonstrates the milestones in that level, as well as those in lower levels (see the diagram on page v).

Additional Notes

Level 4 is designed as a graduation *goal* but *does not* represent a graduation *requirement*. Making decisions about readiness for graduation and unsupervised practice is the purview of the program director. Furthermore, Milestones 2.0 include revisions and changes that preclude using Milestones as a sole assessment in high-stakes decisions (i.e., determination of eligibility for certification or credentialing). Level 5 is designed to represent an expert fellow whose achievements in a subcompetency are greater than the expectation. Milestones are primarily designed for formative, developmental purposes to support continuous quality improvement for individual learners, education programs, and the specialty. The ACGME and its partners will continue to evaluate and perform research on the Milestones to assess their impact and value.

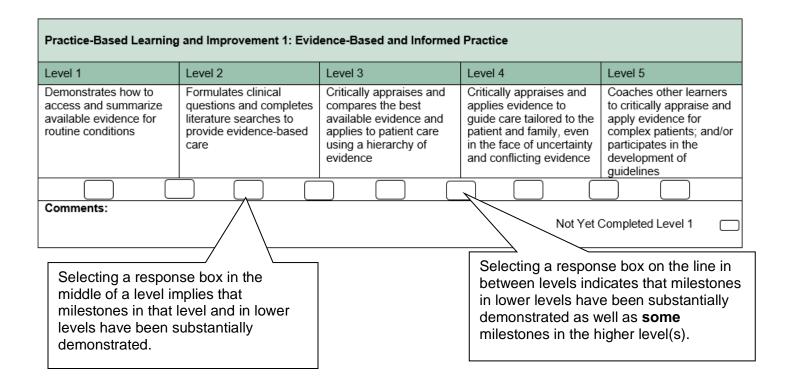
Examples are provided for some milestones within this document. Please note: the examples are not the required element or outcome; they are provided as a way to share the intent of the element.

Some milestone descriptions include statements about performing independently. These activities must occur in conformity to ACGME supervision guidelines as described in the Program Requirements, as well as to institutional and program policies. For example, a resident who performs a procedure independently must, at a minimum, be supervised through oversight.

A Supplemental Guide is also available to provide the intent of each subcompetency, examples for each level, assessment methods or tools, and other available resources. The Supplemental Guide, like examples contained within the Milestones, is designed only to assist the program director and Clinical Competency Committee, and is not meant to demonstrate any required element or outcome.

Supplemental Guides and other resources are available on the Milestones page of each specialty section of the ACGME website. On www.acgme.org, choose the applicable specialty under the "Specialties" menu, then select the "Milestones" link in the lower navigation bar.

The diagram below presents an example set of milestones for one sub-competency in the same format as the ACGME Report Worksheet. For each reporting period, a fellow's performance on the milestones for each sub-competency will be indicated by selecting the level of milestones that best describes that fellow's performance in relation to those milestones.



Patient Care 1: Psychiatric Evaluation

A: Gathers and organizes findings from the patient interview and mental status examination in a manner appropriate to the developmental stage of the child

B: Gathers and organizes data from collateral sources, including parents and other caregivers

C: Screens for risk and integrates risk assessment into the patient evaluation						
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5		
For adolescents, acquires accurate history and mental status examination findings, customized to the chief complaints	For adolescents, obtains information that is sensitive and not readily offered by the patient	Uses hypothesis-driven information-gathering to obtain a complete, accurate, and relevant history from child and adolescent patients and their family/caregivers	Efficiently acquires an accurate and relevant history and performs a targeted examination customized to the patient's developmental level, patient's family context, and complexity of the patient's clinical presentation	Incorporates therapeutic interventions into the initial evaluation interview and collateral sources and creative use of both verbal and non-verbal evaluation techniques		
Collects relevant information from collateral sources	Selects appropriate laboratory and diagnostic tests, including standardized assessment tools	Interprets collateral information, test results, and standardized assessment tools to determine necessary additional steps	Evaluates the structure and functioning of the patient's family, including strengths, vulnerabilities, and cultural factors, as they pertain to the child/adolescent patient			
Screens patients for risk of harm to self, to others, or by others	Engages in a basic risk assessment and basic safety planning for children and adolescents	Incorporates risk and protective factors into the assessment of imminent, short-term, and long-term patient safety and the safety of others Incorporates risk and protective factors into the assessment of complex patient and patient family presentations, including eliciting information not readily offered by the patient and utilizing standard risk assessments scales		Serves as a role model for risk assessment in all clinical settings		
Comments:			N 1 (37) 7			
				Completed Level 1		
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Patient Care 2: Psychiatric Formulation and Differential Diagnosis A: Organizes and summarizes findings and generates a differential diagnosis B: Identifies contributing factors and contextual features and creates a formulation C: Uses the emotional responses of clinician and patient as diagnostic information Level 1 Level 3 Level 5 Level 2 Level 4 Incorporates the Organizes and Integrates and prioritizes Reconciles information Serves as a role model significance of a patient's accurately summarizes information obtained from different collateral in the development of information obtained from the patient, and patient's family's sources, recognizing accurate and complete differential diagnoses from the patient patient's caregivers, adverse childhood when information varies evaluation to develop a other health care experiences; patient's or conflicts, and and formulations clinical impression intersecting gender, integrates information practitioners: and sexual, ethnic, and racial into a comprehensive education, welfare, and legal systems to develop identities; and formulation a clinical impression experiences into the clinical impression Recognizes that Identifies specific Identifies specific Identifies the role of Serves as a role model biological, psychosocial, biological factors, psychosocial factors, psychological, cognitive, to others for identifying and developmental/life including heredity, including relationships, social, sexual, and moral how biological, home environment, developmental level in a psychosocial, and cycle factors play a role genomics, nutrition, developmental/life cycle in a patient's gender, race, and advancement patient's presentation factors play a role in a substances, that play a opportunities, and social presentation role in a patient's patient's presentation determinants of health presentation that contribute to a patient's presentation Recognizes that Recognizes that the Differentiates emotional Attends to and Consults to others when emotional responses are clinician's emotional clinicians have emotional responses that are appropriately uses responses to patients related to the clinician's feelings elicited in the impeding treatment responses to patients may have diagnostic patient and psychiatrist history and those that to develop a diagnostic value are induced by a patient picture Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable

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Patient Care 3: Treatment Planning and Management A: Creates a treatment plan B: Monitors and revises treatment when indicated C: Incorporates the use of school and community resources and culturally appropriate virtual/online resources Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 5 Level 4 Identifies potential Informs the Applies an Develops individualized Supervises treatment biopsychosocial patient/patient's family of understanding of treatment plans for planning by other psychiatric, substance treatment options the available evidencecomplex presentations; learners and based biopsychosocial use, neurologic, and integrates multiple multidisciplinary medical co-occurring biopsychosocial treatments, recognizing practitioners that co-occurring modalities and input from disorders in the other care practitioners conditions and side management of common effects impact treatment in a comprehensive presentations approach Recognizes that acuity Recommends the most In common In complex and complexity affect appropriate level of care presentations, considers presentations, considers based on acuity and family and sociocultural family and sociocultural level of care and complexity, and monitors factors, recommends the factors, recommends the treatment monitoring treatment adherence and most appropriate most appropriate interventions/treatment. interventions/treatments. response and adjusts as indicated and adjusts as indicated Gives examples of types Coordinates care with Incorporates support and Matches patient and Locates and connects of community resources advocacy family needs and community resources patients to community services/groups in preferences to specific resources in complex treatment planning and difficult situations local or virtual/online resources and advocates for the creation of resources when gaps are identified Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable

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Patient Care 4: Psychotherapy

- A: Recognizes unique aspects of psychotherapy with children and adolescents and how they differ from psychotherapy with adults
- B: Selects, sets goals, and provides individual psychotherapy

C: Selects, sets goals, and provides multi-person psychotherapy				
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Demonstrates empathy, respect, and interest in both the identified patient and the patient's family/caregiving system	Builds and maintains a therapeutic alliance with a patient and patient's family, and identifies potential boundary violations and crossings in a psychotherapeutic relationship	Recognizes the value of family involvement while maintaining the ethical and legal limits on confidentiality of psychotherapy with a minor patient	Maintains a dual alliance with patients of all ages and their families, and maintains appropriate and culturally-informed boundaries and professional relationships	Mentors other learners in psychotherapy and seeks additional psychotherapy education and collaboration when needed
Develops familiarity with a range of therapeutic modalities for individual psychotherapy with children and adolescents	Selects appropriate modality for individual psychotherapy, including the needs, goals, culture, and resources of the patient and the patient's family system	Creatively uses techniques from play and expressive therapies to facilitate individual psychotherapy	Provides individual psychotherapy from beginning to termination to youth at various developmental stages	
Develops familiarity with a range of therapeutic modalities for multi- person psychotherapy, including dyadic, family, and group psychotherapies	Selects the appropriate modality for multi-person psychotherapy, including the needs, goals, culture, and resources of the patient and the patient's family system	With supervision, manages complex interactions and therapeutic process in multi-person psychotherapy	Provides multi-person psychotherapy to youth at various developmental stages	
Comments:				
Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable				

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A: Educates patients and parents about psychopharmacologies and other somatic therapies, including access to accurate psychoeducational resources B: Appropriately monitors patient's response to treatment					
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
Reviews general indications and common adverse effects for commonly prescribed drugs and other somatic treatments with a patient's parent/guardian and the patient	Uses resources to provide psychoeducation to the patient and patient's parents/guardians to optimize their understanding and adherence, including discussion of when medication is not indicated or is unlikely to be helpful	Explains mechanisms of action, risks, and benefits of commonly prescribed drugs and other somatic treatments to patients and their families	Explains less common somatic treatment choices to patients and their families in terms of proposed mechanisms of action, impact of development, potential risks and benefits, and the evidence base	Mentors other learners by developing novel patient educational processes or materials	
Identifies necessary key baseline assessments before initiating somatic treatments to ensure patient safety	Obtains necessary baseline assessments before initiating treatment with commonly used somatic treatments	Monitors relevant assessments and adverse effects throughout treatment and incorporates findings from the literature into treatment strategy	Manages adverse effects and safety concerns in complex or treatment refractory cases, including de-prescribing medication	Incorporates new evidence-based developments into treatment to optimize safety, minimize adverse effects, and improve response	
Comments:				Completed Level 1	

Patient Care 6: Clinical Consultation A: Requests consultation B: Receives consultation C: Demonstrates understanding of consultation models Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Respectfully, clearly, and Contributes to identifying Requests the Applies consultant Critically appraises and concisely requests the appropriate consultation recommendations integrates diverse and improving potential for a pediatric setting judiciously to patient recommendations deficiencies in the appropriate consultation consultation system care Respectfully receives a Respectfully, clearly, and Assists the consulting Manages complicated Leads consultation concisely communicates consultation request and team in identifying liaison psychiatry teams and challenging asks for additional recommendations to the unrecognized clinical consultation requests across medical and noncare issues and provides medical settings information needed to consulting team relevant respond to the request recommendations. checking for understanding Demonstrates Distinguishes models of Develops complex Serves as a leader of understanding of the integrated treatment plans in interprofessional care interprofessional care collaboration with the consultation model. teams across medical and nonincluding direct/indirect interprofessional team in care and medical settings medical and non-medical system/individual care settings Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable

Patient Care 7: Digital Health

- A: Uses the electronic health record (EHR) appropriately for patient care and quality improvement
- B: Conducts telehealth visits appropriately using HIPAA-compliant software and recognizes when in-person care is needed

C: Uses digital technology to augment patient care					
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
Uses the EHR for routine patient care activities	Expands use of the EHR to include and reconcile secondary data sources in patient care activities	Effectively uses EHR capabilities in managing acute and chronic care of patients	Uses the EHR to facilitate achievement of quality targets for patient panels	Leads improvements to the EHR	
Identifies the required components for a telehealth visit and identifies clinical situations that can be managed through a telehealth visit	Performs assigned telehealth visits using approved technology	Integrates telehealth effectively into clinical practice for medication management, psychotherapy, and consultation and recognizes limitations of telehealth	Integrates telehealth effectively into clinical practice for evaluation and treatment of new and complex patients	Leads innovation of the telehealth system	
Describes how technology can augment face-to-face visits with patients (e.g., apps, websites, online therapies)	Evaluates the pros and cons of integrating specific digital technologies into treatment	Incorporates at least one digital technology into clinical care appropriately	Integrates multiple different digital technologies to augment clinical experience appropriately	Develops innovative and transformative digital technologies for use in pediatric mental health	
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable					

Medical Knowledge 1: Development in Infancy, Childhood, and Adolescence, including the Impact of Psychopathology on the Trajectory of Development and the Impact of Development on the Expression of Psychopathology

- A: Demonstrates knowledge of typical human development
- B: Demonstrates knowledge of pathological and atypical developmental trajectories

C: Demonstrates knowledge of biologic and environmental influences on development					
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
Describes the basic stages of typical biological, sociocultural, sexual, moral, and cognitive development from infancy to young adulthood	Demonstrates basic knowledge of the major developmental theories across all developmental domains	Explains developmental tasks and transitions throughout the life cycle using multiple conceptual models	Describes developmental stages in detail and articulates an integrated understanding of typical development	Serves as a role model regarding educating patients, patients' families, and other learners about normal and abnormal development of children and adolescents	
Recognizes major deviations from typical development, including disruptions and regressions	Describes appropriate evaluation and testing methods (genetic, psychological, neuropsychological, or other) to evaluate for specific developmental deficits and disorders	Describes how developmental level can influence the expression of psychopathology	Recognizes subtle deviations from typical development, including disruptions and regressions	Identifies and teaches new theories of typical and atypical development	
Gives examples of biological, psychological, sociocultural, cognitive, and sexual factors that may influence developmental processes	Describes the effects of developmental trauma and neglect and other adverse experiences, including social determinants	Describes the potential harmful and protective influence of biological, psychological, sociocultural, cognitive, and sexual factors on atypical personality development and psychopathology	Describes how risk factors can be mitigated and resilience promoted		
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable					

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Medical Knowledge 2: Psychopathology, including Knowledge of Diagnostic Criteria, Epidemiology, Pathophysiology, Course of Illness, Co-Occurring Disorders, and Differential Diagnosis of Psychiatric Disorders, to include Substance Use Disorders (SUDs) and Presentation of Psychiatric Disorders across Development and in Diverse Patient Populations)

- A: Demonstrates knowledge to identify and treat psychiatric conditions
- **B**: Demonstrates knowledge at the interface of psychiatry and the rest of medicine
- C: Demonstrates knowledge of sociocultural factors contributing to psychopathology

Lavel 4	Lavala	Lavel 2	Lavel 4	Lavel 5	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
Identifies the major psychiatric diagnostic categories across the lifespan	Demonstrates knowledge to identify and assess common psychiatric conditions in childhood and adolescence	Demonstrates knowledge to treat common psychiatric conditions, incorporating developmental factors	Demonstrates knowledge to identify and treat atypical and complex psychiatric conditions across a developmental spectrum		
Gives examples of interactions between medical, substance use, and psychiatric symptoms and disorders	Demonstrates knowledge to identify common medical conditions in patients with psychiatric illness	Integrates knowledge to identify and treat common psychiatric symptoms due to other medical illness, including chronic pain and SUDs	Integrates knowledge to identify and treat a wide range of psychiatric conditions in patients with co-occurring medical and SUDs	Applies knowledge to identify and manage uncommon conditions at the interface of psychiatry and the rest of medicine	
Describes relevant sociocultural factors that contribute to patient presentations	Identifies social determinants of health relevant to patient presentations	Formulates psychopathology drawing upon patients' sociocultural context	Demonstrates knowledge to address the drivers of social determinants of health, including inequities, in formulating psychopathology		
Comments:	Comments:				
				Completed Level 1 Assessable	

Medical Knowledge 3: Clinical Neuroscience, including Knowledge of Neurology and Developmental Neuropsychiatry A: Demonstrates knowledge of neurodiagnostic and neuropsychological testing B: Demonstrates an understanding of the interface of neurology, psychiatry, and development C: Demonstrates an understanding of pediatric neurologic and neurodevelopmental disorders and their potential psychiatric sequelae						
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5		
Lists commonly available neuroimaging, neurophysiologic, and neuropsychological tests	Describes indications for common neuroimaging, neurophysiologic, and neuropsychological tests	Identifies the significance of findings in routine neuroimaging, neurophysiologic, and neuropsychological tests	Correlates significant findings of neuroimaging, neurophysiological, and neuropsychological tests to case formulation and treatment planning	Integrates new research in neuroimaging, neurophysiologic, and neuropsychological testing into understanding of psychopathology		
Appreciates that neurobiological processes interact dynamically with the developing brain	Describes major neurobiological processes in child and adolescent development and in common psychiatric presentations	Includes atypical neurobiological findings in case formulations	Integrates neurobiological findings into case formulation and treatment planning	Engages in scholarly activity related to neuroscience and psychiatric disorders		
Describes basic phenomenology of common neurologic and neurodevelopmental disorders	Describes the common psychiatric sequelae of neurologic and neurodevelopmental disorders	Identifies common co- occurrences between psychiatric and neurologic and neurodevelopmental disorders	Synthesizes knowledge of psychiatric and neurologic/neurodevelop mental co-occurring disorders for case formulation and treatment	Integrates recent research into an understanding of the interface between neurology/neurodevelop ment and psychiatry		
Comments:	Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable					

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Medical Knowledge 4: Psychotherapy A: Demonstrates knowledge of fundamentals B: Demonstrates knowledge of practice and indications C: Demonstrates knowledge of the evidence base Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Identifies the major Describes the common Describes the Describes the theoretical Continues to critically evidence-based adaptations of commonly evaluate new forms of elements across mechanisms of change individual, dyadic, family, psychotherapeutic used psychotherapy in various forms of psychotherapy based on and group therapies in modalities, including the modalities for children psychotherapy and how evidence of efficacy, dual alliance and limits of treating children and cultural relevance, and and adolescents they vary with developmental level developmental adolescents confidentiality appropriateness Describes short-term. Identifies the indications Identifies the Integrates knowledge of child and adolescent intermediate, and longof various contraindications of term goals of psychotherapeutic various development, resilience. psychotherapy for modalities, including psychotherapeutic and protective factors in patients across the developmental level of modalities, including psychotherapy with the patient and cultural developmental level of developmental spectrum children and adolescents the patient and cultural context context Compares the evidence Describes the Describes clinical Continuously analyzes Critically evaluates new importance of the the evidence for using base for various forms of forms of psychotherapy factors, such as patient psychotherapy alone or psychotherapy from concepts of fidelity and preferences and the and potential future flexibility of manualized different theoretical patient-doctor in combination with directions as the science relationship, that affect pharmacotherapy and frameworks treatments matures the clinical response to how best to evidence-based communicate this to psychotherapies patients and their families/caregiving systems Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1

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Not Yet Assessable

Medical Knowledge 5: Somatic Therapies

- A. Demonstrates knowledge of fundamentals
- B. Demonstrates knowledge of indications and treatments

C. Demonstrates knowledge of the evidence base					
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	
Accesses practice guidelines and resources to answer questions about somatic treatments	Describes hypothesized mechanisms of action and metabolism for commonly prescribed psychopharmacologic agents	Demonstrates knowledge of developmental impacts on pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic agent interactions	Describes the strengths and limitations of the evidence supporting the use of medications and other somatic therapies in treatment situations in children and adolescents		
Describes indications and side effects for commonly prescribed psychopharmacologic agents for children and adolescents	Describes the physical findings and lab studies necessary to initiate and monitor treatment with commonly prescribed medications	Demonstrates knowledge of psychotropic selection based on practice guidelines or treatment algorithms for common psychiatric disorders in children and adolescents	Demonstrates knowledge of the potential risks and appropriate management for children and adolescents when using off-label somatic therapies	Effectively mentors other learners on the concepts and usability of evidence-based or best somatic treatment practices	
Identifies the indications of different somatic therapies for specific child/adolescent psychiatric disorders	Discusses appropriate evidence-based somatic therapies when indicated	Researches and cites the evidence base when developing treatment plans that include both FDA-approved and off- label somatic treatments	Integrates evidence, including emerging studies, into treatment plans for complex cases		
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1 Not Yet Assessable					

Systems-Based Practice 1: Patient Safety and Quality Improvement

A: Analyzes patient safety events

B: Appropriately discloses patient safety events

C: Participates in quality improvement

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Demonstrates knowledge of common patient safety events	Identifies system factors that lead to patient safety events	Participates in analysis of patient safety events (simulated or actual)	Conducts analysis of patient safety events and offers error prevention strategies (simulated or actual)	Actively engages teams and processes to improve systems to prevent patient safety events
Demonstrates knowledge of how to report patient safety events	Reports patient safety events through institutional reporting systems (simulated or actual)	Participates in disclosure of patient safety events to patients and their families (simulated or actual)	Discloses patient safety events to patients and their families (simulated or actual)	Role models or mentors others in the disclosure of patient safety events
Demonstrates knowledge of basic quality improvement methodologies and metrics	Describes local quality improvement initiatives (e.g., reduced restraint rates, suicide rates)	Participates in local quality improvement initiatives	Demonstrates the skills required to identify, develop, implement, and analyze a quality improvement project	Creates, implements, and assesses quality improvement initiatives at the institutional or community level

Not Yet Completed Level 1

Systems-Based Practice 2: System Navigation for Patient-Centered Care

A: Coordinates patient care

B: Safely transitions care

C: Addresses population and community health needs

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Demonstrates knowledge of care coordination	Effectively coordinates routine clinical care in individual and interprofessional care situations	Effectively coordinates complex care in individual and interprofessional care situations	Role models effective coordination of patient-centered care among different professionals and systems	Analyzes the process of care coordination and leads in the design and implementation of improvements
Identifies key elements for safe and effective transitions of care and hand-offs	Performs safe and effective transitions of care and hand-offs in routine clinical situations	Performs safe and effective transitions of care and hand-offs in complex clinical situations	Role models and serves as a patient advocate for safe and effective transitions of care and hand-offs within and across health care delivery systems, including outpatient settings	Improves quality of transitions of care within and across health care delivery systems and non-medical settings to optimize patient outcomes
Demonstrates knowledge of population and community health determinants, needs, and inequities	Identifies specific population and community health needs and inequities for the local population	Uses local resources effectively to meet the needs of a patient population and community	Adapts practice to provide for the needs of specific populations	Leads innovations and advocates for populations and communities with health care inequities
Comments:			Not Vet (Completed Level 1

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Systems-Based Practice 3: Physician Role in Health Care Systems and Non-Medical Settings (Schools, Legal System, and Others)

A: Understands and works within the health care system and non-medical settings in which children, adolescents, and families present

B: Understands health care financing and advocacy

C: Prepares for transition to practice

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Identifies key components of health care systems and non- medical settings in which children, adolescents, and families present	Describes how components of complex health care systems and non-medical settings are interrelated, and how these impact patient care	Discusses how individual practice affects broader systems	Manages various components of complex health care systems and other non-medical settings to provide high-value, efficient, and effective patient care and transitions of care	Advocates for or leads systems change that enhances high-value, efficient, and effective patient care and transitions of care
Describes practice models and basic mental health payment systems	Identifies resources and options for accessing care in different health care and non-health care systems	Engages with patients in shared decision-making and advocates for appropriate care and parity	Advocates for patient care needs, including mobilizing community resources	Participates in advocacy activities for access to care in mental health and reimbursement
Identifies basic knowledge domains for effective transition to practice	Demonstrates compliant use of basic administrative systems (documentation, billing, scheduling, etc.)	Describes the core administrative knowledge needed for transition to practice	Analyzes individual practice patterns and professional requirements in preparation for practice	Educates others to prepare them for transition to practice
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1				

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Practice-Based Learning and Improvement 1: Evidence-Based and Informed Practice						
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5		
Demonstrates how to access and summarize available evidence for routine conditions	Formulates clinical questions and completes literature searches to provide evidence-based care	Critically appraises and compares the best available evidence and applies to patient care using a hierarchy of evidence	Critically appraises and applies evidence to guide care tailored to the patient and patient's family, even in the face of uncertainty and conflicting evidence	Coaches other learners to critically appraise and apply evidence for complex patients, and/or participates in the development of guidelines		
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1						

personalized goals at the

Identifies the factors that

and actual performance

contribute to gap(s) between one's expected

Seeks and accepts opportunities to improve

professional growth

beginning of the educational program

Practice-Based Learning and Improvement 2: Reflective Practice and Commitment to Personal Growth A. Accepts feedback B. Identifies performance gaps **C.** Develops and implements learning plans Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Accepts responsibility for Demonstrates openness Seeks performance data Uses feedback data to Role models consistently personal and to performance data episodically, with seeking performance promptly change practice openness and humility and improve data with openness and (feedback and other professional development by input) to inform goals performance humility establishing

	-	plan		ing plan and, s ssary, improve		rners	
Comments:				N	ot Yet Comp	oleted Level 1	

Analyzes, reflects on,

and institutes behavioral

change(s) to narrow the

gap(s) between one's

Independently creates

personalized learning

and implements a

expected and actual

performance

Challenges one's own

narrowing the gap(s)

between expected and actual performance

Uses performance data

considers alternatives in

assumptions and

to measure the

effectiveness of the

Mentors other learners

on reflective practice

Facilitates the design

and implementation of

learning plans for other

Analyzes and reflects on

between one's expected

and actual performance

Designs and implements

a learning plan, with

prompting

the factors that

contribute to gap(s)

Professionalism 1: Professional Behavior and Ethical Principles

- A. Demonstrates professional behavior
- R Identifies professionalism lanses

B. Identifies professionalism lapses C. Understands and demonstrates ethical principles						
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5		
Identifies and describes core professional behavior, including adherence to legal requirements	Demonstrates professional behavior in routine situations	Demonstrates professional behavior in complex or stressful situations	Recognizes situations that may trigger professionalism lapses and intervenes to prevent lapses in oneself and others	Role-models professionalism through behavior and produces academic materials		
Recognizes that one's behavior in professional settings affects others	Takes responsibility for one's own professionalism lapses and responds appropriately	Describes when and how to appropriately report professionalism lapses in others, including strategies for addressing common barriers to reporting	Responds appropriately to professionalism lapses of colleagues	Identifies and seeks to address system-level factors that induce or exacerbate ethical problems or impede their resolution		
Demonstrates knowledge of core ethical principles	Analyzes straightforward situations using ethical principles	Analyzes complex situations using ethical principles and recognizes when help is needed	Recognizes and uses appropriate resources for managing and resolving ethical dilemmas as needed (e.g., ethics consultations, literature review, risk management/legal consultation)	Participates in generating codes of ethics and writing of laws involved in the practice of child and adolescent psychiatry		
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1						

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Professionalism 2: Accountability/Conscientiousness A. Completes tasks and responsibilities B. Understands one's role							
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5			
Takes responsibility to complete tasks and responsibilities, identifies potential contributing factors for lapses, and describes strategies for ensuring timely task completion in the future	Performs tasks and responsibilities in a timely manner with appropriate attention to detail in routine situations	Performs tasks and responsibilities in a timely manner with appropriate attention to detail in complex or stressful situations	Anticipates tasks and responsibilities and proactively prepares for unmet needs	Takes ownership of system outcomes			
Introduces oneself as a fellow physician	Accepts one's role as the patient's physician and takes responsibility (under supervision) for ensuring the patient receives the best possible care	Is recognized by oneself, the patient, the patient's family, and professional staff members as the patient's psychiatrist	Displays increasing autonomy and leadership in taking responsibility for ensuring patients receive the best possible care	Serves as a role model in demonstrating responsibility for ensuring that patients receive the best possible care			
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1							

Professionalism 3: Well-Being A. Understands individual responsibility **B.** Understands one's responsibility to the team C. Understands institutional factors Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Recognizes limits in Independently Proposes a plan to Independently develops Is considered by faculty promote personal and knowledge/skills in recognizes limitations in a plan to promote members and peers as a model of promoting promoting one's own professional well-being, one's own personal and well-being, with including addressing knowledge/skills in professional well-being one's own well-being while maintaining promoting well-being and assistance limitations in one's own and improve upon professional altruism demonstrates knowledge and skills, limitations in one's own appropriate help-seeking with assistance knowledge and skills behavior Recognizes one's own Monitors and raises Promotes the well-being Creates systemic responsibility towards of the whole team in an interventions that appropriate concerns the well-being of the about the well-being of ongoing way while promote colleagues' team members and the maintaining professional team well-being team as a whole altruism Recognizes which Describes institutional Describes institutional Describes institutional resources designed to institutional factors affect factors that positively programs designed to and/or negatively affect examine systemic promote well-being well-being well-being contributors to burnout Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1

This subcompetency is not intended to evaluate a fellow's well-being, but to ensure each fellow has the fundamental knowledge of factors that impact well-being, the mechanisms by which those factors impact well-being, and available resources and tools to improve well-being.

Interpersonal and Communication Skills 1: Child/Adolescent- and Family-Centered Therapeutic Alliance A. Develops rapport and therapeutic alliance B. Is able to identify and surmount barriers to an effective alliance **C.** Guides treatment planning/shared decision-making process Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Establishes therapeutic Uses verbal and non-Establishes therapeutic Establishes therapeutic Mentors others in communication and communication and verbal communication to communication using situational awareness and relationships using verbal active listening and clear demonstrate empathy, relationships using verbal critical self-reflection to curiosity, and respect language with adolescent and non-verbal methods and non-verbal methods consistently develop positive therapeutic patients and their families in treatment with schoolin treatment with relationships age and adolescent preschool through patients and their families adolescent patients and their families Identifies personal biases Identifies complex barriers When prompted, takes Independently takes steps Role models cultural that may become barriers to forming a therapeutic steps to surmount humility and successfully to surmount alliance, including forming relationships with to therapeutic communication barriers communication barriers relationships differences in power. patients and patients' and obstacles to a and obstacles to a identity, culture, and lived therapeutic alliance therapeutic alliance families of all identities. cultures. lived experience experiences, and family configurations Recognizes Organizes and initiates With guidance, sensitively Independently uses Role models shared communication with and compassionately shared decision-making to decision-making, including communication strategies may need to be adjusted child/adolescent and delivers medical align the in situations with a high family by introducing patient's/patient's family's based on clinical, family, information, elicits the degree of uncertainty. stakeholders, setting the patient's/patient's family's values, goals, and conflict, or even hostility or cultural context agenda, clarifying values, goals, and preferences with from the child/adolescent expectations, and preferences; treatment options to make and the family verifying understanding of acknowledges uncertainty a personalized care plan the clinical situation and conflict Comments:

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Not Yet Completed Level 1

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Interpersonal and Communication Skills 2: Interprofessional and Team Communication A. Uses communication strategies B. Solicits and provides team feedback							
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5			
Uses language that demonstrates respect and value for all members of the professional care team	Communicates information effectively with all professional care team members	Uses active listening to adapt communication style to fit team needs	Integrates recommendations from different members of the professional care team to optimize patient care	Role models flexible communication strategies that value input from all professional care team members, resolving conflict when needed			
Recognizes the need for ongoing feedback with the professional care	Solicits feedback on performance as a member of the	Communicates concerns and provides feedback to peers and learners	Respectfully communicates feedback and constructive criticism	Facilitates regular professional care teambased feedback in			
team	professional care team		to superiors	complex situations			
Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1							

Interpersonal and Communication Skills 3: Communication within Health Care Systems and other Systems of Care A. Completes written documentation within the medical record B. Honors confidentiality and chooses the most effective form of communication C. Respectfully collaborates with systems to improve care Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Level 4 Level 5 Accurately records Demonstrates organized Concisely reports Communicates clearly Creates documentation information in the patient diagnostic and diagnostic and and concisely and in an templates or other therapeutic reasoning organized written form. therapeutic reasoning in record written content that can through notes in the the patient record including providing be used by multiple anticipatory guidance providers to educate the patient record patient and patient's family/caregivers, and to improve coordination of care Obtains patient and Respects specific Uses multiple modes of Selects the mode of Contributes to family/caregiver confidentiality across communication (incommunication most departmental or assent/consent prior to clinical situations and person, telephone, likely to strike the optimal organizational initiatives seeking out collateral settings email) to seek out balance between patient to improve confidentiality and information collateral information and communication systems within the health care sharing information to coordinate care facilitate effective system and between multiple systems of care collaboration Communicates about Uses appropriate Initiates difficult Facilitates dialogue Respectfully regarding systems communicates concerns channels to offer clear conversations with administrative issues issues among larger through appropriate about the system and constructive appropriate stakeholders channels, as required by to improve the system community stakeholders suggestions to improve institutional policy the system Comments: Not Yet Completed Level 1

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