Requirement			
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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse		Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse
	community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and		community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and
	educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice		educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice
Int.A.	patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.	[None]	patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.
	Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-		Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments. Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients registers follows foults members attitudes and all
	being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all members of the health care team.	[None] - (Continued)	being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all members of the health care team.
m.a. (Sommed)	members of the health care team.	[[itolie] - (continued)	monitoris of the health care team.

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Int.B.	Definition of Specialty Thoracic surgery is a surgical specialty that encompasses the operative, preoperative, post-operative, and surgical critical care of patients with acquired and congenital pathologic conditions within the chest. Included are the surgical repair of congenital and acquired conditions of the heart, including the pericardium, coronary arteries, valves, great vessels, and myocardium. In addition to operations and management of diseases of the thoracic and thoracoabdominal aorta, the scope of practice in thoracic surgery includes the evaluation of vascular disease, and the exposure, cannulation, reconstruction, and treatment of the carotid, brachiocephalic, axillary, iliac, and femoral vessels. It also includes pathologic conditions of the lung/trachea/bronchi, esophagus/foregut and chest wall, the mediastinum, the diaphragm, and the pericardium. Management of the airway and injuries to the chest are also within the scope of the specialty.	[None]	Definition of Specialty Thoracic surgery is a surgical specialty that encompasses the operative, preoperative, post-operative, and surgical critical care of patients with acquired and congenital pathologic conditions within the chest. Included are the surgical repair of congenital and acquired conditions of the heart, including the pericardium, coronary arteries, valves, great vessels, and myocardium. In addition to operations and management of diseases of the thoracic and thoracoabdominal aorta, the scope of practice in thoracic surgery includes the evaluation of vascular disease, and the exposure, cannulation, reconstruction, and treatment of the carotid, brachiocephalic, axillary, iliac, and femoral vessels. It also includes pathologic conditions of the lung/trachea/bronchi, esophagus/foregut and chest wall, the mediastinum, the diaphragm, and the pericardium. Management of the airway and injuries to the chest are also within the scope of the specialty.
Int.C.	Length of Educational Program	4.1.	Length of Program Integrated Program: 72 months of thoracic surgery education (completed in one institution unless otherwise approved by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery) following completion of an MD or DO degree program from an institution accredited by the Liaison Committee of Medical Education (LCME) or by the Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (COCA). Graduates of medical schools from countries other than the United States or Canada must present evidence of final certification by the Education Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG). (Core)
Int. C.1.	Integrated Program: 72 months of thoracic surgery education (completed in one institution unless otherwise approved by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery) following completion of an MD or DO degree program from an institution accredited by the Liaison Committee of Medical Education (LCME) or by the Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (COCA). Graduates of medical schools from countries other than the United States or Canada must present evidence of final certification by the Education Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG). (Core)	4.1.	Length of Program Integrated Program: 72 months of thoracic surgery education (completed in one institution unless otherwise approved by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery) following completion of an MD or DO degree program from an institution accredited by the Liaison Committee of Medical Education (LCME) or by the Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (COCA). Graduates of medical schools from countries other than the United States or Canada must present evidence of final certification by the Education Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG). (Core)
Int. C.1.a)	The integrated program curriculum must document 72 months of clinical thoracic surgery education under the direction of the thoracic surgery program director. (Core)	4.1.a.	The integrated program curriculum must document 72 months of clinical thoracic surgery education under the direction of the thoracic surgery program director. (Core)
Int.C.1.b)	The last year of the integrated program must comprise a chief resident responsibility on the thoracic surgery service at the primary clinical site or at an approved participating site. (Core)	4.1.b.	The last year of the integrated program must comprise a chief resident responsibility on the thoracic surgery service at the primary clinical site or at an approved participating site. (Core)
Int.C.2.	The Review Committee must be informed of training credit granted by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery (ABTS), which affects the required length of training in the thoracic surgery program. (Core)	4.1.c.	The Review Committee must be informed of training credit granted by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery (ABTS), which affects the required length of training in the thoracic surgery program. (Core)
l.	Oversight	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Sponsoring Institution		
	Sponsoring Institution		Sponsoring Institution
	The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the		The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the
	ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate		ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate
	medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional		medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional
	Requirements.		Requirements.
	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the		When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the
	most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the		most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the
I.A.	primary clinical site.	[None]	primary clinical site.
	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring		The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring
I.A.1.	Institution.	1.1.	Institution.
	Participating Sites		
			Participating Sites
	A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences		A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences
I.B.	· ·	[None]	or educational assignments/rotations for residents.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.1.a)	Institutions applying for an integrated program format must:	[None]	primary clinical site. (Core)
1.Β. 1.α)		[reche]	
	sponsor an ACGME-accredited independent thoracic surgery program and an		Institutions applying for an integrated program format must sponsor an ACGME-
	ACGME-accredited general surgery program, each with a status of Continued		accredited independent thoracic surgery program and an ACGME-accredited
I.B.1.a).(1)	Accreditation; and, (Core)	1.2.a.	general surgery program, each with a status of Continued Accreditation. (Core)
			Institutions applying for an integrated program format must maintain both
	maintain both program formats after an integrated program is approved, at least		program formats after an integrated program is approved, at least until the
I.B.1.a).(2)	until the integrated program has residents filling the PGY-1-4. (Core)	1.2.b.	integrated program has residents filling the PGY-1-4. (Core)
	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program		There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program
1.0.0	and each participating site that governs the relationship between the	4.0	and each participating site that governs the relationship between the
I.B.2.	program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)		program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)		[None]	Core)
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)
1.D.2.a).(2)	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment	1.3.0.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment
I.B.3.	at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	at all participating sites. (Core)
	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated		At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated
	by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for		by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for
	resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director.		resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director.
I.B.3.a).	(Core)	1.5.	(Core)
	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of		The program director must submit any additions or deletions of
	participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required		participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required
	for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through		for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through
I.B.4.	the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
	Major changes in rotations at participating sites (i.e., sites where residents will		Major changes in rotations at participating sites (i.e., sites where residents will
LD 4 a)	spend three or more months over the course of their training) must be approved	1.6.	spend three or more months over the course of their training) must be approved
I.B.4.a)	in advance of resident rotations. (Core)	1.6.a.	in advance of resident rotations. (Core)

Requirement			
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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Workforce Recruitment and Retention		Workforce Recruitment and Retention
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage
	in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment		in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment
	and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if		and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if
	present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and		present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and
I.C.	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)
			Resources
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
1.0.	resources	1.0.	Resources
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
I.D.1.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)	1.8.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
I.D.1.a)	There must be access to information services, including:	[None]	, , ,
,			There must be access to information services, including the electronic retrieval
I.D.1.a).(1)	the electronic retrieval of patient information; and, (Core)	1.8.a.	of patient information. (Core)
	a comprehensive database for thoracic, adult cardiac, and congenital cardiac		There must be access to information services, including a comprehensive
I.D.1.a).(2)	disease. (Core)	1.8.b.	database for thoracic, adult cardiac, and congenital cardiac disease. (Core)
	There must be access to learning resources laboratory for resident/fellow		There must be access to learning resources laboratory for resident/fellow
I.D.1.b)	education and remediation. (Core)	1.8.c.	education and remediation. (Core)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
	healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote	4.0	healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote
I.D.2.	resident well-being and provide for:	1.9. 1.9.a.	resident well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core) safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core) safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible
I.D.2.b)	for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
1.0.2.0)	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,	1.3.5.	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,
I.D.2.c)	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,	110101	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,
I.D.2.d)	(Core)	1.9.d.	(Core)
	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the		accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the
I.D.2.e)	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)
	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other		Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other
	appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must		appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must
	include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text		include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text
I.D.3.	capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	capabilities. (Core)
	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel		
			Other Learners and Health Care Personnel
	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including,		The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including,
	but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,		but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,
I.E.	and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)	1.11.	and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)
II	Personnel	Section 2	Section 2: Personnel
			Program Director
			There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with
			authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	with all applicable program requirements. (Core)

Requirement			
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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.a)	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)
II.A.1.a).(1)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)	2.2.a.	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.1.b)	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)	2.3.	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.4.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)		At a minimum, the program director must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)
	Number of Approved Resident Positions:1-6 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.20		Number of Approved Resident Positions:1-6 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.20
	Number of Approved Resident Positions:7-10 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.35		Number of Approved Resident Positions:7-10 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.35
	Number of Approved Resident Positions:11-15 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.40		Number of Approved Resident Positions:11-15 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.40
	Number of Approved Resident Positions:16-20 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.45		Number of Approved Resident Positions:16-20 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.45
II.A.2.a)	Number of Approved Resident Positions:21-25 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.50	2.4.a.	Number of Approved Resident Positions:21-25 Minimum FTE Support Required for the Program Director: 0.50
II.A.2.b)	Program directors who oversee both an independent and an integrated thoracic surgery program must be provided support for administration of the programs based on the total number of approved positions across both programs. (Core)	2.4.b.	Program directors who oversee both an independent and an integrated thoracic surgery program must be provided support for administration of the programs based on the total number of approved positions across both programs. (Core)
II.A.2.c)	Program directors who oversee both an integrated and an independent thoracic surgery program which, combined, have 10 or more residents/fellows must appoint an associate (or assistant) program director. (Core)	2.4.c.	Program directors who oversee both an integrated and an independent thoracic surgery program which, combined, have 10 or more residents/fellows must appoint an associate (or assistant) program director. (Core)
/ II.A.2.d)	The associate (assistant) program director must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum of 10 percent FTE for administration of the program.	2.4.d.	The associate (assistant) program director must be provided with support equal to a dedicated minimum of 10 percent FTE for administration of the program. (Core)
II.A.3.		2.5.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)

Requirement			
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II.A.3.a)	must include specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core)	2.5.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	must include current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery or by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core) must include ongoing clinical activity. (Core)	2.5.a. 2.5.b.	The program director must possess current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery or by the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) The program director must demonstrate ongoing clinical activity. (Core)
II.A.3.d)	must include documented experience educating thoracic surgery residents/fellows; (Core)	2.5.c.	The program director must have documented experience educating thoracic surgery residents/fellows. (Core)
II.A.3.e)	must include documented participation in a national thoracic surgery educational association (e.g., the Thoracic Surgery Directors Association); and, (Core)	2.5.d.	The program director must have documented participation in a national thoracic surgery educational association (e.g., the Thoracic Surgery Directors Association). (Core)
II.A.3.f)	must include documented formal faculty development activities in education and teaching, such as participation at local and national program director workshops and other educational activities. (Core)	2.5.e.	The program director must have documented formal faculty development activities in education and teaching, such as participation at local and national program director workshops and other educational activities. (Core)
II.A.4.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident education in the context of patient care. (Core)	2.6.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	The program director must:	[None]	
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.6.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(2)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.6.b.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(3)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.6.c.	The program director must administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(4)	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.6.d.	The program director must have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(5)	have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.6.e.	The program director must have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(6)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the	2.6.f.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(7)	provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation; (Core)	2.6.g.	The program director must provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)

Requirement			
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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's		The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the
	policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including		Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances
	when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew		and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or
II.A.4.a).(8)	the appointment of a resident; (Core)	2.6.h.	not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident. (Core)
			The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the
	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's		Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-
II.A.4.a).(9)	policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.6.i.	discrimination. (Core)
	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or		Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	restrictive covenant. (Core)
			The program director must document verification of education for all
	document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of		residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program.
II.A.4.a).(10)		2.6.j.	(Core)
	provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the		The program director must provide verification of an individual resident's
II.A.4.a).(11)	resident's request, within 30 days; and (Core)	2.6.k.	education upon the resident's request, within 30 days. (Core)
	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to		The program director must provide applicants who are offered an
II A 4 -) (40)	the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s).		interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the
II.A.4.a).(12)	(Core)	2.6.l.	relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)
	Faculty		Faculty
	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical
	education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients.		education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients.
	Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow		Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow
	and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest		and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest
	quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and		quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and
	patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning.		patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning.
	Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and		Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and
	development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by		development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by
	the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a		the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a
	scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the		scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the
	graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual		graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual
	and the population.		and the population.
	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected		Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected
	from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of		from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of
	the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members		the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members
	provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a		provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a
	professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and		professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and
II.B.	r	[None]	themselves.
	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to		There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to
II.B.1.	l	2.7.	instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)
	The faculty must include one designated cardiothoracic faculty member		The faculty must include one designated cardiothoracic faculty member
	responsible for coordinating multidisciplinary clinical conferences and organizing		responsible for coordinating multidisciplinary clinical conferences and organizing
II.B.1.a)		2.7.a.	instruction and research in general thoracic surgery. (Core)
	The faculty must include qualified cardiothoracic surgeons and other faculty		The faculty must include qualified cardiothoracic surgeons and other faculty
II.B.1.b)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.7.b.	members in related disciplines who direct conferences. (Core)
II.B.2.	Faculty members must:	[None]	

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			Faculty Responsibilities
II.B.2.a)	be role models of professionalism; (Core)	2.8.	Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality,		Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe,
II.B.2.b)	cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.8.a.	equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including		Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of
	devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their		residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to
II.B.2.c)	supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.8.b.	fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)
	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to		Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational
II.B.2.d)	educating residents; (Core)	2.8.c.	environment conducive to educating residents. (Core)
	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal		Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical
II.B.2.e)	clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.8.d.	discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least		Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance
II.B.2.f)	annually: (Core)	2.8.e.	their skills at least annually: (Core)
II.B.2.f).(1)	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)	2.8.e.1.	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)
	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety;		in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety;
II.B.2.f).(2)	,	2.8.e.2.	(Detail)
II.B.2.f).(3)	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)	2.8.e.3.	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)
	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement		in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement
II.B.2.f).(4)	efforts. (Detail)	2.8.e.4.	efforts. (Detail)
			Faculty Qualifications
			Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.9.	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
			Faculty Qualifications
	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and		Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and
II.B.3.a)	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.9.	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Physician faculty members must:	[None]	
			Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty
	have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of		by the American Board of Thoracic Surgery or the American Osteopathic
	Thoracic Surgery or the American Osteopathic Board of Surgery, or possess		Board of Surgery, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the
II.B.3.b).(1)	qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.10.	Review Committee. (Core)
	Core Faculty		
			Core Faculty
	Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and		Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and
	supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their		supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their
	entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a		entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a
	component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative		component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative
II.B.4.	feedback to residents. (Core)	2.11.	feedback to residents. (Core)
	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.		Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.
II.B.4.a)		2.11.a.	(Core)
II.B.4.b)	The core faculty must include at a minimum:	2.11.b.	The core faculty must include at a minimum:
II.B.4.b).(1)	two practicing thoracic surgeons; (Core)	2.11.b.1.	two practicing thoracic surgeons; (Core)
II.B.4.b).(2)	two practicing cardiac surgeons; and, (Core)	2.11.b.2.	two practicing cardiac surgeons; and, (Core)
II.B.4.b).(3)	one practicing pediatric cardiac surgeon. (Core)	2.11.b.3.	one practicing pediatric cardiac surgeon. (Core)
	Including the program director, the program must maintain either: a ratio of at		Including the program director, the program must maintain either: a ratio of at
	least two core faculty members to every one approved residency position in the		least two core faculty members to every one approved residency position in the
	final three years of the program; or a minimum of 10 core faculty members,		final three years of the program; or a minimum of 10 core faculty members,
II.B.4.c)	whichever is the smaller of the two. (Core)	2.11.c.	whichever is the smaller of the two. (Core)

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II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.12.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
11.0.	r rogram coordinator		Program Coordinator
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
11.0.1.		2.12.	. ,
1	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size		The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size
II.C.2.	and configuration. (Core)	2.12.a.	and configuration. (Core)
11.0.2.	and configuration. (Core)	Z. 12.a.	and configuration. (Core)
	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. (Core)		At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program. (Core)
	Number of Approved Resident Positions:1-6 Minimum FTE: 0.30 Number of Approved Resident Positions:7-10 Minimum FTE: 0.40		Number of Approved Resident Positions:1-6 Minimum FTE: 0.30 Number of Approved Resident Positions:7-10 Minimum FTE: 0.40
	Number of Approved Resident Positions:11-15 Minimum FTE: 0.50		Number of Approved Resident Positions:11-15 Minimum FTE: 0.50
"	Number of Approved Resident Positions:16-20 Minimum FTE: 0.60	0.401	Number of Approved Resident Positions:16-20 Minimum FTE: 0.60
II.C.2.a)	Number of Approved Resident Positions:21-25 Minimum FTE: 0.70	2.12.b.	Number of Approved Resident Positions:21-25 Minimum FTE: 0.70
	Other Program Personnel		Other Program Personnel
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly
II D	ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective	2.13.	ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective
II.D. III.	administration of the program. (Core) Resident Appointments	Section 3	administration of the program. (Core) Section 3: Resident Appointments
····	Resident Appointments	Section 5	• •
			Eligibility Requirements
II.A.	Eligibility Requirements	3.2.	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
II.A.	Lingiplinty Requirements	J.2.	
	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible		Eligibility Requirements An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible
III.A.1.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)	3.2.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
111.7.11	+	U.Z.	
	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a		graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a
	college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the		college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the
	American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College		American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College
III.A.1.a)	Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)	3.2.a.	Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)
		0.2.0.	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			lineeting one of the following additional qualifications. (oole)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
			holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United
	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and		States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is
III.A.1.b)	meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)	3.2.b.	located. (Core)

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			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			• holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(2)	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
III.A.2.	All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)	3.3.	All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)
III.A.2.a)	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)	3.3.a.	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)
III.B.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by	3.4.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)
	A minimum of one thoracic surgery resident must be appointed in each year of		A minimum of one thoracic surgery resident must be appointed in each year of
III.B.1.	the program to provide for sufficient peer interaction. (Core)	3.4.a.	the program to provide for sufficient peer interaction. (Core)
III.C.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core) Resident transfers into an integrated thoracic surgery program must be	3.5.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core) Resident transfers into an integrated thoracic surgery program must be
III.C.1.	approved in advance by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.5.a.	approved in advance by the Review Committee. (Core)
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III.C.2.	To be eligible for transfer at the PGY-2 level, residents must have satisfactorily completed a minimum of one year in an ACGME-accredited program in surgery, integrated vascular surgery, or integrated thoracic surgery. (Core)	3.5.b.	To be eligible for transfer at the PGY-2 level, residents must have satisfactorily completed a minimum of one year in an ACGME-accredited program in surgery, integrated vascular surgery, or integrated thoracic surgery. (Core)
III.C.3.	To be eligible for transfer at the PGY-3 level, residents must have satisfactorily completed a minimum of two years in an ACGME-accredited integrated thoracic surgery program, or a combination of a minimum of one year in an ACGME-accredited program in surgery or integrated vascular surgery and a minimum of one year in an ACGME-accredited integrated thoracic surgery program. (Core)	3.5.c.	To be eligible for transfer at the PGY-3 level, residents must have satisfactorily completed a minimum of two years in an ACGME-accredited integrated thoracic surgery program, or a combination of a minimum of one year in an ACGME-accredited program in surgery or integrated vascular surgery and a minimum of one year in an ACGME-accredited integrated thoracic surgery program. (Core)
III.C.4.	No resident may transfer into an integrated thoracic surgery program during the PGY-4, -5, or -6.	3.5.d.	No resident may transfer into an integrated thoracic surgery program during the PGY-4, -5, or -6.
III.C.5.	This summative evaluation must include an assessment of each resident's performance to date, a summary of the evaluations of the resident by faculty members and other evaluators, a current Milestones assessment, assessment of the operative Case Logs, and the resident's comprehensive rotation schedule listing all rotations completed during the educational program. (Core)	3.5.e.	This summative evaluation must include an assessment of each resident's performance to date, a summary of the evaluations of the resident by faculty members and other evaluators, a current Milestones assessment, assessment of the operative Case Logs, and the resident's comprehensive rotation schedule listing all rotations completed during the educational program. (Core)
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
IV.	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physicianscientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
IV.A.	Educational Components	4.2.	Educational Components The curriculum must contain the following educational components:
IV.A.1.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program	4.2.a.	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)
	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and		competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and
IV.A.2.	faculty members; (Core) delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive	4.2.b.	faculty members; (Core) delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive
IV.A.3. IV.A.4.		4.2.c. 4.2.d.	responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core) a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)

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IV.A.4.a) IV.A.5.	Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core) formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.11. 4.2.e.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core) formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each specialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each specialty.
IV.B.1.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
IV.B.1.a)	Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)	4.3.	ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core) Residents must demonstrate competence in:
Ιν.υ. ι.α,	autherence to ethical principles. (Oore)	7.0.	ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
IV.B.1.a).(1).(a)	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)	4.3.a.	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(b)	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)	4.3.b.	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(c)	cultural humility; (Core)	4.3.c.	cultural humility; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(d)	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)	4.3.d.	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(e)	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)	4.3.e.	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(f)	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)	4.3.f.	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)
IV B 1 a) (1) (a)	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)	4.3.g.	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(g)	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest.	4.3.g.	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest.
IV.B.1.a).(1).(h)	(Core)	4.3.h.	(Core)
IV.B.1.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	[None]	
IV.B.1.b).(1)	Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	4.4.	ACGME Competencies – Patient Care Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family- centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	Residents must demonstrate high standards of ethical behavior; continuity of care (pre-operative, operative, and post-operative); sensitivity to age, gender, culture, and other differences; and honesty, dependability, and commitment. (Core)	4.4.a.	Residents must demonstrate high standards of ethical behavior; continuity of care (pre-operative, operative, and post-operative); sensitivity to age, gender, culture, and other differences; and honesty, dependability, and commitment. (Core)

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IV.B.1.b).(2)	Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	ACGME Competencies – Procedural Skills Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a)	Residents must demonstrate competence in the development and execution of patient care plans, including obtaining informed consent and developing the goals of care. (Core)	4.5.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in the development and execution of patient care plans, including obtaining informed consent and developing the goals of care. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(b)	Residents must demonstrate competence in the use of information technology as it pertains to and supports patient care. (Core)	4.5.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in the use of information technology as it pertains to and supports patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(c)	Residents must demonstrate competence in pre- and post-operative care. (Core)	4.5.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in pre- and post-operative care. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(c).(i)	Post-operative care must include experience in the immediate post-operative period, continuity of care through recovery, and, when necessary, long-term management and follow-up. (Core)	4.5.c.1.	Post-operative care must include experience in the immediate post-operative period, continuity of care through recovery, and, when necessary, long-term management and follow-up. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(d)	Residents must demonstrate competence in evaluation of diagnostic studies. (Core)	4.5.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in evaluation of diagnostic studies. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.5.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(i)	providing pre-operative management, including the selection and timing of operative intervention and the selection of appropriate operative procedures; (Core)	4.5.e.1.	providing pre-operative management, including the selection and timing of operative intervention and the selection of appropriate operative procedures; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(ii)	providing peri- and post-operative management of thoracic and cardiovascular patients; (Core)	4.5.e.2.	providing peri- and post-operative management of thoracic and cardiovascular patients; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(iii)	providing critical care to patients with thoracic and cardiovascular surgical disorders, including trauma patients, whether or not operative intervention is required; and, (Core)	4.5.e.3.	providing critical care to patients with thoracic and cardiovascular surgical disorders, including trauma patients, whether or not operative intervention is required; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(iv)	correlating the pathologic and diagnostic aspects of cardiothoracic disorders, demonstrating performance of diagnostic procedures, and accurately interpreting appropriate imaging studies. (Core)	4.5.e.4.	correlating the pathologic and diagnostic aspects of cardiothoracic disorders, demonstrating performance of diagnostic procedures, and accurately interpreting appropriate imaging studies. (Core)
IV.B.1.c)	Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Residents must demonstrate the ability to critically evaluate scientific and medical literature and be able to integrate knowledge of the literature into clinical care. (Core)	4.6.a.	Residents must demonstrate the ability to critically evaluate scientific and medical literature and be able to integrate knowledge of the literature into clinical care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(2)	Residents must demonstrate knowledge in the use of cardiac and respiratory support devices. (Core)	4.6.b.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge in the use of cardiac and respiratory support devices. (Core)
IV.B.1.d)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning; (Core)	4.7.	ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.d).(1).(a)	identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise; (Core)	4.7.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise. (Core)

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			Residents must demonstrate competence in setting learning and
IV.B.1.d).(1).(b)	setting learning and improvement goals; (Core)	4.7.b.	improvement goals. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying and performing
IV.B.1.d).(1).(c)	identifying and performing appropriate learning activities; (Core)	4.7.c.	appropriate learning activities. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(d)	systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement; (Core)	4.7.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement. (Core)
14.B.1.a).(1).(a)	incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice; and,	4.7.G.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating feedback and
IV.B.1.d).(1).(e)	(Core)	4.7.e.	formative evaluation into daily practice. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(f)	locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems; and, (Core)	4.7.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(g)	demonstrating the ability to analyze personal practice outcomes and apply quality improvement methodologies to optimize patient care and enhance patient safety. (Core)	4.7.g.	Residents must demonstrate competence in the ability to analyze personal practice outcomes and apply quality improvement methodologies to optimize patient care and enhance patient safety. (Core)
7 (7 (37	Interpersonal and Communication Skills	<u> </u>	
IV.B.1.e)	Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in	[None]	
IV.B.1.e).(1).(a)	communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient; (Core)	4.8.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient. (Core)
14.01.10).(1).(4)		7.0.01	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively
IV.B.1.e).(1).(b)	communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies; (Core)	4.8.b.	with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies. (Core)
	working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other		Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively as a
IV.B.1.e).(1).(c)	professional group; (Core)	4.8.c.	member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(d)	educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals; (Core)	4.8.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(e)	acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals; (Core)	4.8.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(f)	maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)	4.8.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(2)	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.8.g.	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
14.0.1.6/.(2)	appropriate, end-or-line godis. (Oore)	<u> Ŧ.ʊ.g.</u>	appropriate, ena-or-me goals. (Oore)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Systems-based Practice		
			ACGME Competencies - Systems-Based Practice
	Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the		Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the
	larger context and system of health care, including the structural and		larger context and system of health care, including the structural and
	social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on		social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on
IV.B.1.f).	other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)	4.9.	other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
, , ,	·		Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively in various
	working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems		health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical
IV.B.1.f).(1).(a)	relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.a.	specialty. (Core)
	Totovanic to their chimour opeolarity; (Coro)	1101di	Residents must demonstrate competence in coordinating patient care
	accordinating nations care covers the health care continuum and beyond as		across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical
IV.B.1.f).(1).(b)	coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.b.	specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.1).(1).(0)		4.3.0.	Residents must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient
IV.B.1.f).(1).(c)	advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems; (Core)	4.9.c.	care and optimal patient care systems. (Core)
IV.D.1.1).(1).(c)	participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential	4.9.0.	Residents must demonstrate competence in participating in identifying
IV.B.1.f).(1).(d)	systems solutions; (Core)	4.9.d.	system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Core)
14.B.1.11.(11.(u)	incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery	7.0.0.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating considerations
	and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based		of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit
IV.B.1.f).(1).(e)	care as appropriate;(Core)	4.9.e.	analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate. (Core)
14.2.1.1.1.(1).(0)	understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients'	4.0.01	Residents must demonstrate competence in understanding health care
IV.B.1.f).(1).(f)	health decisions; and, (Core)	4.9.f.	finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate competence in using tools and techniques
	using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of		that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or
IV.B.1.f).(1).(g)		4.9.g.	simulated). (Detail)
	paners carety events (real or eministral). (Detail)		Residents must demonstrate competence in practicing cost-effective and high-
			quality care, promote disease prevention, demonstrate the ability to conduct a
	practicing cost-effective and high-quality care, promote disease prevention,		risk-benefit analysis, and know how different practice systems operate to deliver
IV/ P 1 f) (1) (b)	demonstrate the ability to conduct a risk-benefit analysis, and know how different practice systems operate to deliver care. (Core)	4.9.i.	care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(h)		1 .ਹ.l.	
IV.B.1.f).(1).(h).(i)	The program must document its active participation in clinical databases/registries used to assess and improve patient outcomes. (Core)	4.9.i.1.	The program must document its active participation in clinical databases/registries used to assess and improve patient outcomes. (Core)
v .D. <i>j</i> (<i>j</i> (<i>j</i> (<i>j</i>		7.0.1.1.	
	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals,		Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals,
IV.B.1.f).(2)	including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.9.h.	including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
	Intercenting, which appropriate, character goals, (oole)	7.0.11.	iniciating, when appropriate, that or the goals. (one)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			4.10. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
			4.11. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences	4.10 4.12.	4.12. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)	4.10.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	Resident experiences on all clinical surgery rotations should be a minimum of four weeks in duration. (Core)	4.10.a.	Resident experiences on all clinical surgery rotations should be a minimum of four weeks in duration. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management: The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.3.	The program must provide separate and regularly-scheduled teaching conferences, morbidity and mortality conferences, rounds, and other educational activities in which both the thoracic surgery faculty members and the residents/fellows attend and participate. (Core)	4.11.a.	The program must provide separate and regularly-scheduled teaching conferences, morbidity and mortality conferences, rounds, and other educational activities in which both the thoracic surgery faculty members and the residents/fellows attend and participate. (Core)
IV.C.3.a)	The program must maintain conference records to document resident and faculty member attendance. (Core)	4.11.a.1.	The program must maintain conference records to document resident and faculty member attendance. (Core)
IV.C.4.	The program must provide an organized and comprehensive block diagram demonstrating the overall educational construct for each track (i.e., thoracic surgery, cardiovascular surgery) of the program and for each year of training for	4.11.b.	The program must provide an organized and comprehensive block diagram demonstrating the overall educational construct for each track (i.e., thoracic surgery, cardiovascular surgery) of the program and for each year of training for all clinical assignments. (Core)
IV.C.5.	The program must encourage residents to engage in peer interaction with	4.11.c.	The program must encourage residents to engage in peer interaction with residents/fellows in related specialties at all participating sites. (Detail)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
IV.C.6.	The program must establish guidelines for the assignment of clinical responsibilities for residents across the continuum of care, including clinic volume, on-call frequency, and back-up requirements, as well as the appropriate role for residents in surgical procedures. (Core)		The program must establish guidelines for the assignment of clinical responsibilities for residents across the continuum of care, including clinic volume, on-call frequency, and back-up requirements, as well as the appropriate role for residents in surgical procedures. (Core)
IV.C.7.	Resident experiences must be carefully structured to ensure graded levels of responsibility, continuity in patient care, a balance between education and clinical service, and progressive clinical experiences. (Core)	4.11.e.	Resident experiences must be carefully structured to ensure graded levels of responsibility, continuity in patient care, a balance between education and clinical service, and progressive clinical experiences. (Core)
I.A.1.	Programs must sequence the thoracic surgery educational components throughout the program in order to provide a cohesive, progressive, and longitudinal educational experience. (Core)	4.11.f.	Programs must sequence the thoracic surgery educational components throughout the program in order to provide a cohesive, progressive, and longitudinal educational experience. (Core)
IV.C.8.a)	A minimum of 24 months and a maximum of 36 months of the program must include education in core fundamental surgical care and principles education, including pre- and post-operative evaluation and care. (Core)	4.11.f.1.	A minimum of 24 months and a maximum of 36 months of the program must include education in core fundamental surgical care and principles education, including pre- and post-operative evaluation and care. (Core)
IV.C.8.b)	The remainder of the curriculum must include education in oncology, transplantation, basic and advanced laparoscopic surgery, surgical critical care and trauma management, thoracic surgery, and adult and congenital cardiac surgery. (Core)	4.11.f.2.	The remainder of the curriculum must include education in oncology, transplantation, basic and advanced laparoscopic surgery, surgical critical care and trauma management, thoracic surgery, and adult and congenital cardiac surgery. (Core)
IV.C.9.	Residents must have a minimum operative experience that includes:	4.11.g.	Residents must have a minimum operative experience that includes:
IV.C.9.a)	Integrated programs:	[None]	
IV.C.9.a).(1)	PGY-1-3: 375 procedures over three years of which 125 must be cardiothoracic procedures, up to 50 of which may be component cases. (Core)	4.11.g.1.	Integrated programs: PGY-1-3: 375 procedures over three years of which 125 must be cardiothoracic procedures, up to 50 of which may be component cases. (Core)
IV.C.9.a).(2)	PGY-4-6: a minimum of 125 major cardiothoracic procedures during each year, for a total of 375 major cases. (Core)	4.11.g.2.	Integrated programs: PGY-4-6: a minimum of 125 major cardiothoracic procedures during each year, for a total of 375 major cases. (Core)
IV.C.9.b)	an adequate volume of operative experience, distribution of categories, and complexity of procedures to ensure a balanced and equivalent clinical education; and, (Core)	4.11.g.3.	an adequate volume of operative experience, distribution of categories, and complexity of procedures to ensure a balanced and equivalent clinical education; and, (Core)
IV.C.9.c)	documented operative experience attesting that residents: (Core)	4.11.g.4.	documented operative experience attesting that residents: (Core)
IV.C.9.c).(1)	participate in the risk assessment, diagnosis, pre-operative planning, and selection of operation for a patient; (Core)	4.11.g.4.a.	participate in the risk assessment, diagnosis, pre-operative planning, and selection of operation for a patient; (Core)
IV.C.9.c).(2)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.11.g.4.b.	perform technical manipulations that constitute the essential parts of a patient's operation; (Core)
IV.C.9.c).(3)	have significant involvement in post-operative care; and, (Core)	4.11.g.4.c.	have significant involvement in post-operative care; and, (Core)
IV.C.9.c).(4)	are supervised by the responsible faculty member(s). (Core)	4.11.g.4.d.	are supervised by the responsible faculty member(s). (Core)
IV.C.10.	Assignments to non-procedural areas must be limited to a maximum of three months during the final three years of an integrated program. (Core)	4.11.h.	Assignments to non-procedural areas must be limited to a maximum of three months during the final three years of an integrated program. (Core)
10.0.10.	Non-procedural experience should not occur in the final year (i.e., during the	7.11.11.	Non-procedural experience should not occur in the final year (i.e., during the
IV.C.10.a)		4.11.h.1.	chief year). (Detail)
IV.C.11.	Chief year rotations must take place at the primary clinical site or at an approved participating site; exceptions must be approved in advance by the Review Committee. (Core)	4.11.i.	Chief year rotations must take place at the primary clinical site or at an approved participating site; exceptions must be approved in advance by the Review Committee. (Core)
IV.C.12.	Residents in the final year of thoracic surgery should have primary management	4.11.j.	Residents in the final year of thoracic surgery should have primary management of patients throughout the continuum of care. (Core)
IV.C.13.	Elective rotations must be limited to a maximum of six months in the final years of the program, including: (Core)	4.11.k.	Elective rotations must be limited to a maximum of six months in the final years of the program, including: (Core)

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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
- Tumorum	a maximum of three months each in the PG-5 and PG-6 years of an integrated		a maximum of three months each in the PG-5 and PG-6 years of an integrated
IV.C.13.a)	program. (Core)	4.11.k.1.	program. (Core)
IV.C.14.	Outpatient responsibilities must include:	4.11.l.	Outpatient responsibilities must include:
IV.C.14.a)	the opportunity to examine a patient pre-operatively, to consult with the attending surgeon regarding operative care, and to participate in the surgery and post-operative care of that patient; and, (Core)	4.11.1.1.	the opportunity to examine a patient pre-operatively, to consult with the attending surgeon regarding operative care, and to participate in the surgery and post-operative care of that patient; and, (Core)
IV.C.14.b)	seeing most patients personally in an outpatient setting. (Core)	4.11.l.2.	seeing most patients personally in an outpatient setting. (Core)
IV.C.14.b).(1)	When a resident cannot personally see a patient pre- or post-operatively, he or she must communicate with the attending surgeon to ensure continuity of care for the patient. (Core)	4.11.l.2.a.	When a resident cannot personally see a patient pre- or post-operatively, he or she must communicate with the attending surgeon to ensure continuity of care for the patient. (Core)
IV.D.	Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.	[None]	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)		Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.1.b).(1)	The Sponsoring Institution and/or program should provide support for the residents' attendance at national professional meetings. (Detail)	4.13.a.1.	The Sponsoring Institution and/or program should provide support for the residents' attendance at national professional meetings. (Detail)
IV.D.1.c)	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)	4.13.b.	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)

Requirement			
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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Faculty Scholarly Activity
			Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
			 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health
			Peer-reviewed grants
			Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives
			• Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports
			• Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials
			• Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	• Innovations in education
			Faculty Scholarly Activity
	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate		Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate
	accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)		accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
	• Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health		• Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health
	• Peer-reviewed grants		Peer-reviewed grants
	Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives		Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives
	Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports		Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports
	Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials		• Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials
	Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards		Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards
IV.D.2.a)		4.14.	• Innovations in education
,			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality
			improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non- peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book
			chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within		(Cattoonio)
IV.D.2.b)	•	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)

Requirement			
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- Numerale	rtoquiioint Euriguago	roquiionioni riumbo	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor;		• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(1)	(Outcome)	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(2)	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)
			Resident Scholarly Activity
IV.D.3.	Resident Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a)	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
	Residents must not have a protected research rotation during the program.		Residents must not have a protected research rotation during the program.
IV.D.3.b)	(Core)	4.15.a.	(Core)
			Each resident must demonstrate annual scholarship that results in one or more of the following: (Core)
			• peer-reviewed/indexed publications with PubMed-Indexed for Medline (PMID); or, (Detail)
			conference presentations, including abstracts and posters, at international, national, regional meetings; or, (Detail)
			• textbook chapters; or, (Detail)
			• participation in basic, translational, or clinical research or quality improvement projects; or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.c)	Each resident must demonstrate annual scholarship that results in one or more of the following: (Core)	4.15.b.	• lectures or presentations (such as grand rounds or case presentations) of at least 30 minutes in duration within the Sponsoring Institution or program. (Detail)

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Numerais	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Each resident must demonstrate annual scholarship that results in one or more of the following: (Core)
			• peer-reviewed/indexed publications with PubMed-Indexed for Medline (PMID); or, (Detail)
			conference presentations, including abstracts and posters, at international, national, regional meetings; or, (Detail)
			• textbook chapters; or, (Detail)
			• participation in basic, translational, or clinical research or quality improvement projects; or, (Detail)
	peer-reviewed/indexed publications with PubMed-Indexed for Medline (PMID); or, (Detail)	4.15.b.	• lectures or presentations (such as grand rounds or case presentations) of at least 30 minutes in duration within the Sponsoring Institution or program. (Detail)
			Each resident must demonstrate annual scholarship that results in one or more of the following: (Core)
			• peer-reviewed/indexed publications with PubMed-Indexed for Medline (PMID); or, (Detail)
			conference presentations, including abstracts and posters, at international, national, regional meetings; or, (Detail)
			• textbook chapters; or, (Detail)
			• participation in basic, translational, or clinical research or quality improvement projects; or, (Detail)
	conference presentations, including abstracts and posters, at international, national, regional meetings; or, (Detail)	4.15.b.	• lectures or presentations (such as grand rounds or case presentations) of at least 30 minutes in duration within the Sponsoring Institution or program. (Detail)

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			Each resident must demonstrate annual scholarship that results in one or more of the following: (Core)
			• peer-reviewed/indexed publications with PubMed-Indexed for Medline (PMID); or, (Detail)
			conference presentations, including abstracts and posters, at international, national, regional meetings; or, (Detail)
			• textbook chapters; or, (Detail)
			• participation in basic, translational, or clinical research or quality improvement projects; or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.c).(3)	textbook chapters; or, (Detail)	4.15.b.	• lectures or presentations (such as grand rounds or case presentations) of at least 30 minutes in duration within the Sponsoring Institution or program. (Detail)
			Each resident must demonstrate annual scholarship that results in one or more of the following: (Core)
			• peer-reviewed/indexed publications with PubMed-Indexed for Medline (PMID); or, (Detail)
			conference presentations, including abstracts and posters, at international, national, regional meetings; or, (Detail)
			• textbook chapters; or, (Detail)
			• participation in basic, translational, or clinical research or quality improvement projects; or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.c).(4)	participation in basic, translational, or clinical research or quality improvement projects; or, (Detail)	4.15.b.	• lectures or presentations (such as grand rounds or case presentations) of at least 30 minutes in duration within the Sponsoring Institution or program. (Detail)

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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Each resident must demonstrate annual scholarship that results in one or more of the following: (Core)
			• peer-reviewed/indexed publications with PubMed-Indexed for Medline (PMID); or, (Detail)
			conference presentations, including abstracts and posters, at international, national, regional meetings; or, (Detail)
			• textbook chapters; or, (Detail)
			• participation in basic, translational, or clinical research or quality improvement projects; or, (Detail)
IV.D.3.c).(5)	lectures or presentations (such as grand rounds or case presentations) of at least 30 minutes in duration within the Sponsoring Institution or program. (Detail)	4.15.b.	• lectures or presentations (such as grand rounds or case presentations) of at least 30 minutes in duration within the Sponsoring Institution or program. (Detail)
V .	Evaluation	Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation
V.A.	Resident Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months		Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months
V.A.1.b).(2)	and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	and at completion. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5 1 h	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
v.A. I.Uj	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and	J. 1.D.	The program must use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers,
V.A.1.c).(1)	other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	patients, self, and other professional staff members). (Core)
	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward		The program must provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and
V.A.1.c).(2)	Unsupervised practice. (Core) The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical	5.1.b.2.	improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	Competency Committee, must:	[None]	

Requirement			
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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.u).(0)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident	0.1.6.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident
V.A.1.e)	that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if	5.1.f.	that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)
v.A.1.f).	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review	5.1.g.	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)
,			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(1)	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.a.	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	The final evaluation must verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	The final evaluation must be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)	5.3.	Clinical Competency Committee A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)
V.A.3.a)	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)	5.3.a.	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)
,	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact		Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact
V.A.3.a).(1)		5.3.b.	and experience with the program's residents. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	

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V.A.3.b).(1)	review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(2)	determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty- specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.d.	The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(3)	meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)	5.3.e.	The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually.	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.a)	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
V.B.1.b)	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)
V.B.2.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)
V.B.3.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)	5.5.a.	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	` '	[None]	und at reast one resident. (Oore)
,	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward		Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the
V.C.1.b).(1)		5.5.b.	program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(2)	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(3)	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)

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V.C.1.c)	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of		The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)
V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
V.C.1.e)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)
	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.		Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.
V.C.3.	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.
V.C.3.a)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.	Board Certification For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.b)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.c)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.d)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6.ac., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)

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V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)
			Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment
	The Learning and Working Environment		The Learning and Working Environment
	Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:		Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice
	Excellence in professionalism		Excellence in professionalism
	Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients		Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients
VI	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	[None]	
VI.A.1.		[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
•	Culture of Safety		
	Culture of Safety		Culture of Safety
VI.A.1.a).(1)	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2)	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities. Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members	[None]	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)	-	[None]	

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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and, (Core)	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(ii)	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(3)	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts. Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts. Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	· · ·	6.4.	benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a)	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.

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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care.	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
VI.A.2.b)	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in VI.A.2.b).(1).(a). (Core)	6.7.a.	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in the above definition. (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)

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Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	į.	[None]	
VI.B.2.a)	be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core) The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events.	6.12.e.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)

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Numerals VI.B.5.	Requirement Language Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)	Requirement Number	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)
VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
	Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive		Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression. Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive
VI.C.1	throughout their careers. The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring	[None]	throughout their careers. The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring
VI.C.1. VI.C.1.a)	Institution, must include: attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)	6.13. 6.13.a.	Institution, must include: attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)
VI.C.1.c)	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)	6.13.c.	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of residents and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of residents and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)

Requirement			
Number - Roman	Posttirement Language	Reformatted	Doguirement Language
Numerals		Requirement Number	·
	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment,		providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment,
VI C 1 a)	counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care	6.42.0	counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care
VI.C.1.e)		6.13.e.	24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)
	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work,		There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work,
	including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and		including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and
	medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an		medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an
VI C 0	appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient	0.44	appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient
VI.C.2.	·	6.14.	care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.C.2.a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure	6.14.a.	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure
VI.G.2.a)		0.14.a.	coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative		These policies must be implemented without fear of negative
VI.C.2.b)	consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical	6.14.b.	consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical
VI.G.2.D)	work. (Core)	0. 14.D.	work. (Core)
			Fatigue Mitigation
			Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition
VI D	Estique Mitigation	6 4 5	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
	Durante mount advisate all manidants and faculty manuals are in managining		Fatigue Mitigation
	Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition		Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition
VI.D.1.	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and
VI.D. I.		0.13.	fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who
VI.D.2.	adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	· · ·	[None]	linay be too latigued to salely return nome. (core)
VI.L.		[Itorie]	Clinical Bearanaibilities
	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level,		Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level,
	patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient		patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient
VI.E.1.	illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Teamwork		
	Teamwork		Teamwork
	Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes		Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes
	communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in		communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in
VI.E.2.		6.18.	the specialty and larger health system. (Core)
	Residents/fellows must collaborate with residents/fellows in other specialties in		Residents/fellows must collaborate with residents/fellows in other specialties in
VI.E.2.a)	•	6.18.a.	the multidisciplinary management of thoracic surgery patients. (Core)
· · · - · - · · · /	and management of the same of patients. (Octo)		Transitions of Care
			Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
			Transitions of Care
	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in		Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in
VI.E.3.a)		6.19.	patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
,	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure
	and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both		and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both
VI.E.3.b)		6.19.a.	continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
/	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating		Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating
VI.E.3.c)	, · ·	6.19.b.	with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)

Requirement			
Number - Roman		Reformatted	
Numerals	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week	-	
VI.F.1.	Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)		6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)

Requirement Number - Roman Numerals	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.		A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.
VI.F.4.c)	The Review Committee for Thoracic Surgery will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.	6.24.	The Review Committee for Thoracic Surgery will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)	6.25.a.	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.5.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)	6.25.b.	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in- seven requirements. (Core)	6.26.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.6.a)	Residents must not have more than four consecutive weeks of night float assignment, and night float must not exceed one month per year. (Core)	6.26.a.	Residents must not have more than four consecutive weeks of night float assignment, and night float must not exceed one month per year. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a)	Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education,		At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)